ΠΡΟΣ ΚΟΛΟΣΣΑΕΙΣ

Parsing of the Greek Text

The parsing of the Greek text below is based upon the system of Greek grammar analysis set forth in <u>Appendix 2</u> of Lorin L. Cranford, <u>Learning Biblical Koine Greek</u>, 4th rev. edition (Boiling Springs, NC: C&L Publications, 2002). Some assessments may be subject to reevaluation. Please call attention to any errors by sending an email to <u>GWU@cranfordville.com</u>.

Quick Links:

Praescriptio (1:1-2) | Proem (1:3-12) | Body (1:13-4:9) | Conclusio (4:10-18)

Praescriptio

For a comparison of the Pauline Praescriptia see <u>List of Epistolary Division in the Pauline Letters</u>. Also see <u>Epistolary Divisions for the Catholic Letters</u>. At a secondary layer underneath these links stands a printing of the scripture text of the divisions, and is accessible from inside the links.

Superscriptio

1.1

Παῦλος: Proper Name - Nominative (Independent) - Masc - Sing - Παῦλος, ὁ - Paul

ἀπόστολος: 2nd declension noun - Nominative (Apposition) - Masc - Sing - ἀπόστολος, ὁ - apostle

Χριστοῦ· 2nd declension noun - Genitive (Possession) - Masc - Sing - Χριστός, ὁ - of Christ

Ἰησοῦ· Proper Name - Genitive (Possession) - Masc - Sing - Ἰησοῦς, ὁ - Jesus

διά· Preposition used with ablative case noun - through

θελήματος· 3rd declension noun - Ablative (Means) - Neut - Sing - θέλημα, -θελήματος, τό - through God's will

θεοῦ 2nd declension noun - Genitive (Possession) - Masc - Sing - θεός, δ - God's

καὶ· coordinate conjunction linking the two independent nominative nouns, Παῦλος and Τιμόθεος, together

Τιμόθεος: Proper Name - Nominative (Independent) - Masc - Sing - Τιμόθεος, ὁ - Timothy

ὁ ἀδελφὸς· 2nd declension noun - Nominative (Apposition) - Masc - Sing - ἀδελφὸς, ὁ - our brother

Adscriptio

1.2

ἐν Κολοσσαῖς· Geographical Name - Locative (Place) - Fem - Plural - ἐν Κολοσσαί, αί - in Colossae

τοῖς ...ἀγίοις· Adjective (Substantival) - Dative (Reference) - Masc - Plural - ἄγιος, -α, -ον - to the saints *Alternative parsing: Adjective (Attributive) - Dative - Masc - Plural - ἄγιος, -α, -ον - to the holy...brothers

καὶ · coordinate conjunction linking *either ἀγίοις and πιστοῖς, or ἀγίοις and ἀδελφοῖς.

πιστοῖς· Adjective (Attributive) - Dative - Masc - Plural - πιστός, -όν - to the faithful (brothers)

ἀδελφοῖς· 2nd declension noun - Dative (Reference) - Masc - Plural - ἀδελφός, ὁ - to the (faithful) brothers

έν Χριστῷ· 2nd declension noun - Locative (Sphere) - Masc - Sing - Χριστός, ὁ - in Christ

Salutatio

χάρις· 3rd declension noun - Nominative (Independent) - Fem - Sing - χάρις, χάριτος, ή - grace ύμῖν· Personal Pronoun - Dative (Reference) - Plural - σύ - to you καὶ· coordinate conjunction linking the two independent nominatives, χάρις and εἰρήνη, together. εἰρήνη· 1st declension noun - Nominative (Independent) - Fem - Sing - εἰρήνη, ἡ - peace ἀπὸ· Preposition used with Ablative of Source case noun, denoting the source of the grace and peace. θεοῦ· 2nd declension noun - Ablative (Source) - Masc - Sing - θεός, ὁ - from God πατρὸς· 3rd declension noun - Genitive (Apposition) - Masc - Sing - πατῆρ, πατρός, ὁ - our Father ἡμῶν Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possession) - Plural - ἐγώ - our

Proem

For a comparison of the Pauline Proema see List of Epistolary Division in the Pauline Letters. Also see Epistolary Divisions for the Catholic Letters. At a secondary layer underneath these links stands a printing of the scripture text of the divisions, and is accessible from inside the links.

1.3

Εὐχαριστοῦμεν· Present (Iterative) - Active - Indicative - 1st - Plural - εὐχαριστέω - we regularly give thanks τῶ θεῶ· 2nd declension noun - Dative (Direct Object) - Masc - Sing - <math>θεός, ό - to God πατρί· 3rd declension noun - Dative (Apposition) - Masc - Sing - πατῆρ, πατρός, ὁ - the Father τοῦ κυρίου· 2nd declension noun - Genitive (Kinship) - Masc - Sing - κύριος, ὁ- of our Lord ἡμῶν Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possession) - Plural - ἐγώ - our Ἰησοῦ· Proper Name - Genitive (Kinship) - Masc - Sing - Ἰησοῦς, ὁ - Jesus

Χριστοῦ· 2nd declension noun - Genitive (Kinship) - Masc - Sing - Χριστός, ὁ - Christ

πάντοτε· Temporal Adverb connected either to the preceding main clause verb Εὐχαριστοῦμεν, or to the following participle προσευχόμενοι, meaning "always." See various translations and the punctuation apparatus of the UBS Greek text for details.

περὶ· Preposition used with Genitive case noun to denote advantage - for, in your behalf

ύμῶν Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Advantage) - Plural - σύ - you

προσευχόμενοι : Present (Descriptive) - Deponent - Participle (Adverbial: Modal) - Nominative - Masc -Plural - προσεύγομαι - praying

1.4

ἀκούσαντες· 1 Aorist (Culminative) - Active - Participle (Adverbial: Temporal) - Nominative - Masc - Plural ἀκούω - after having heard

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τὴν πίστιν: 3rd declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Fem - Sing - πίστις, -έως, ἡ - your faith
ὑμῶν· Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possession) - Plural - σύ - your
ev Preposition used with locative case noun to denote metaphysical location - in (spiritual union with)
Χριστῶ· 2nd declension noun - Locative (Sphere) - Masc - Sing - Χριστός, ὁ - in Christ
Ἰησοῦ· Proper Name - Locative (Sphere) - Masc - Sing - Ἰησοῦς, ὁ - in Jesus
καὶ· coordinate conjunction linking the two accusative case nouns, τὴν πίστιν and τὴν ἀγάπην, together
τὴν ἀγάπην· 1st declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Fem - Sing - ἀγάπη, ἡ - the love
ην· Rel Pron - Accusative (Direct Object) - Fem - Sing - ὅς, η, ο - which
ἔγετε· Present (Descriptive) - Active - Indicative - 2 - Plural - ἔγω - you have, possess
είς· Preposition used with accusative of measure noun - for
πάντας Adjective (Predicate) - Accusative - Masc - Plural - πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν - for all (the saints)
τοὺς ἀγίους · Adjective (Substantival) - Accusative (Measure/Reference) - Masc - Plural - ἄγιος, -α, -ον -
       for all the saints
1.5
διὰ· Preposition used with accusative of cause noun - because of
τὴν ἐλπίδα· 3rd declension noun - Accusative (Cause) - Fem - Plural - ἐλπίς, ἐλπίδος, ἡ - because of
       the hope, confidence
τὴν ἀποκειμένην Present (Descriptive) - Deponent - Participle (Adjective: Attributive) - Accusative -
       Fem - Sing - ἀπόκειμαι - which is stored up, laid up
ύμῖν· Personal Pronoun - Dative (Advantage) - Plural - σύ - for you, for your benefit
έν· Preposition used with locative of place noun - in
τοῖς οὐρανοῖς, 2nd declension noun - Locative (Place) - Masc - Plural - οὐρανός, ὁ - in Heaven
ην· Rel Pron - Accusative (Direct Object) - Fem - Sing - ος, η, ο - which
προηκούσατε· 1st Aorist (Constantive) - Active - Indicative - 2 - Plural - προακούω - you heard about
       previously
ev. Preposition used with instrumental of means noun - by (means of)
τῷ λόγῳ· 2nd declension noun - Instrumental (Means) - Masc - Sing - λόγος, ὁ - by the Word, Message
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τῆς ἀληθείας· 1st declension noun - Genitive (Objective) - Fem - Sing - ἀλήθεια, ἡ - about the Truth τοῦ εὐαγγελίου 2nd declension noun - Genitive (Apposition) - Neuter - Sing - εὐαγγέλιου, τό - that is, the Gospel 1.6 τοῦ παρόντος· Pres (Desc) - Ptc (Adj: Attrib) - Genitive - Neuter - Sing - πάρειμι - which is present, has come είς· Preposition, used with Accusative of Measure noun denoting 'how far' - to ὑμᾶς, · Personal Pronoun - Accusative (Measure) - PI - σύ - with/to you καθὼς· Subordinate conjunction introducing Adverbial Comparative clause - just as καί· Correlative adverbial use - also έν· Preposition used with Locative of Place noun - in π αντὶ· Adjective (Predicate) - Locative - Masc - Sing - π ας, π ασα, π αν - in all (the world) τῶ κόσμω· 2nd Declension noun - Locative (Place) - Masc - Sing - κόσμος, ὁ - in all the world έστιν Present (Descriptive) - Indicative - 3rd - Sing - εἰμί - it is καρποφορούμενον Pres (Desc) - Middle (Intensive) - Ptc (Adj: Predicate) - Nominative - Neuter - Sing καρποφορέω - bearing fruit καί· Coordinate conjuction linking the two participles together - and αύξανόμενον· Pres (Desc) - Middle (Intensive) - Ptc (Adj: Predicate) - Nominative - Neuter - Sing αὐξάνω - growing, increasing καθὼς· Subordinate conjunction introducing Adverbial Comparative clause - just as καί· Correlative adverbial use - also ev Preposition used with Locative of Place noun with distributive meaning with plural noun - among ύμῖν· Personal Pronoun - Locative (Place) - PI - σύ - among you (i.e., the house churches) $\dot{\alpha}\dot{\phi}$. Preposition used with Ablative of Separation in time reference - from, since ຖິດ· Relative Pronoun used as adjective modifier of the following noun - Abla - Feminine - Sing - ὄς, ຖິ, ὄ Introduces adverbial temporal relative dependent clause - from which (day), from the very day that ήμέρας: 1st declension noun - Ablative (Separation) - Feminine - Sing - ἡμέρα, ἡ- from the very day that

ήκούσατε· 1st Aorist (Constative) - Active - Indicative - 2nd - PI - ἀκούω - you heard

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ἐπέγνωτε· 2 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Indicative - 2nd - PI - ἐπιγινώσκω - you recognized, realized,
       understood
τὴν χάριν: 3rd declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Fem - Sing - χάρις, χαριτός, ἡ - the grace
τοῦ θεοῦ· 2nd declension noun - Genitive (Possession) - Masc - Sing - θεός, ὁ - of God, God's
ev Preposition used with Locative of Sphere anathrous noun with meaning - in
άληθεία· 1st declension noun - Locative (Sphere) - Fem - Sing - ἀλήθεια, ἡ - in Truth
1.7
καθὸς· Subordinate conjunction introducing Adverbial Comparative clause - just as
έμάθετε: 2 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Indicative - 2 - PI - μαινθάνω - you learned, (were taught)
\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{o}. Preposition used with Ablative of Separation noun - from
Ἐπαφρᾶ· Proper Name - Ablative (Separation) - Masc - Sing - Ἐπαφρᾶς. ὁ - from Epaphras (concor-
       dance listing; dictionary listing)
ἀγαπητοῦ· Adjective (Attributive) - Ablative - Masc - Sing - ἀγαπητός, -ή, -όν - our beloved
τοῦ...συνδούλου· 2nd declension noun - Ablative (Apposition) - Masc - Sing - συνδούλος, ὁ - fellow
       servant
ἡμῶν· Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possession) - PI - ἐγώ - our
ὄς· Relative Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - Masc - Sing - ὄς, ἥ, ὄ - [Introducing a dependent relative
       attribitive adjectival clause] - who
έστιν: Present (Descriptive) - Indicative - 3 - Sing - εἰμί - who is
πιστὸς· Adjective (Attributive) - Nominative - Masc - Sing - πιστός, -όν - a faithful
ὑπὲρ· Preposition used with Genitive of Advantage noun - in your behalf, for your sake
ύμῶν Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Advantage) - PI - σύ - you
διάκονος: 2nd declension noun - Nominative (Predicate) - Masc - Sing - διάκονος, ὁ / ἡ - servant
τοῦ Χριστοῦ· Proper Name - Genitive (Possession/Objective) - Masc - Sing - Χριστός, ὁ - Christ's/ who
       serves Christ
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 $\kappa\alpha$: Coordinate conjuction linking the two verbs together - and

ό...δηλώσας· 1 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Participle (Adj: Attributive) - Nominative - Masc - Sing - δηλόω - who showed

καί· coordinate conjunction here use in adverbial adjunctive sense - also

ἡμῖν· Personal Pronoun - Dative (Indirect Object) - PI - ἐγώ - to us

ύμῶν· Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possession) - PI - σύ - your

τὴν...ἀγάπην· 1st declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Feminine - Sing - ἀγάπη, ἡ - your love

ev Preposition used with either Locative or Instrumental case noun - in / by means of

πνεύματι· 3rd declension noun - Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Means) - Neuter - Sing - πνεῦμα, - ατος, τό - in / by the Spirit

1.9

 $\Delta \iota \dot{\alpha}$. Preposition used with Accusative of Cause noun - because of

τοῦτο · Demonstrative Pronoun - Accusative (Cause) - Neuter - Sing - οὖτος, αὕτη, τοῦτο - because of this, for this reason

καὶ · Coordinate conjunction used as adverbial adjunctive correlative connector - also

ήμεῖς, · Personal Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - PI - ἐγώ - we

 $\dot{\alpha}\phi$. Preposition used with Ablative of Separation noun - from

 $\tilde{\eta}_{\varsigma}$ · Relative Pronoun used as attributive modifier - Ablative - Feminine - Sing - \mathring{o}_{ς} , $\mathring{\eta}$, \mathring{o} - introduces dependent relative adverbial temporal clause - since, from the very first day

ἡμέρας · 1st declension noun - Ablative (Separation in time) - Feminine - Sing - ἡμέρα, ἡ - from the first day

ήκούσαμεν · 1 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Indicative - 1st - PI - ἀκούω - we heard

 $o\mathring{\upsilon}$. Negative adverb - not

παυόμεθα · Present (Durative) - Middle (Intensive) - Indicative - 1st - PI - παύω - we have not ceased, do not cease

ύπὲρ · Preposition used with Genitive of Advantage noun - for, in behalf of

ὑμῶν · Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Advantage) - PI - σύ - for you

προσευχόμενοι· Present (Descriptive) - Deponent - Participle (Adverbial: Complementary) - Nominative - Masc - PI - προσεύχομαι - praying

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καί· Coordinate conjunction linking two participles - and
αἰτούμενοι· Present (Descriptive) - Middle (Intensive) - Participle (Adverbial: Complementary) - Nomina-
        tive - Masc - PI - αἰτέω - asking
τνα· Subordinate conjunction introducing conjunctory substantial object clause - that
πληρωθῆτε· 1 Aorist (Constative) - Passive (N.A.E.) - Subjunctive (Potential) - 2 - PI - πληρόω - you
        would be filled with
τὴν ἐπίγνωσιν· 3rd declension noun - Accusative (Predicate Object) - Fem - Sing - ἐπίγνωσις, -εως, ἡ -
        full understanding
τοῦ θελήματος: 3rd - Genitive (Descriptive) - Neuter - Sing - θέλημα, -ατος. τό - of his will
αὐτοῦ· Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possession) - Masc - Sing - αὐτός. αὐτή, αὐτό - his
ev. Preposition used with Dative of Reference noun - in, with, in regard to
\pi \acute{\alpha} \sigma \eta. Adjective (Attributive) - Dative - Feminine - Sing - \pi \widetilde{\alpha} \varsigma, \pi \widetilde{\alpha} \sigma \alpha, \pi \widetilde{\alpha} \nu - with all, complete
σοφία: 1st declension noun - Dative (Reference) - Feminine - Sing - σοφία, ή - with full wisdom
καί· coordinate conjunction linking two nouns - and
συνέσει· 3rd declension noun - Dative (Reference) - Feminine - Sing - σύνεσις, -εως, ή - with full under-
        standing, insight
πνευματική· Adjective (Attributive) - Dative - Feminine - Sing - πνευματικός, -ή, -όν - spiritual
1.10
περιπατῆσαι· 1 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Infinitive (Verbal: Purpose/Result) - περιπατέω - so that you
        may walk
άξίως · Adverb of manner - worthily
τοῦ κυρίου · 2nd declension noun - Genitive (Reference) - Masc - Sing - κύριος, ὁ - of the Lord
εἰς · Preposition used with Accusative of Reference noun - in (regard to)
\pi\tilde{\alpha}\sigma\alpha\nu · Adjective (Attributive) - Accusative - Feminine - Sing - \pi\tilde{\alpha}\varsigma, \pi\tilde{\alpha}\sigma\alpha, \pi\tilde{\alpha}\nu - all, every
άρεσκείαν · 1st declension noun - Accusative (Reference) - Feminine - Sing - ἀρεσκεία, ἡ - pleasing
έν · Preposition use with Locative of Sphere / Instrumental of Manner noun - in
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 $\pi\alpha\nu\dot{\tau}i$ · Adjective (Attributive) - Locative / Instrumental - Neuter - Sing - $\pi\alpha\varsigma$, $\pi\alpha\sigma\alpha$, $\pi\alpha\nu$ - in all, every

every deed, work, action

ἔργω· 2nd declension noun - Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Manner) - Neuter - Sing - ἔργον, τό - in

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\dot{\alpha}\gamma\alpha\theta\tilde{\omega} · Adjective (Attributive) - Locative / Instrumental - Neuter - Sing - \dot{\alpha}\gamma\alpha\theta\delta\varsigma, -\dot{\eta}, -\dot{\delta}v - in every good deed
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καρποφοροῦντες · Present (Descriptive) - Active - Participle (Adverbial: Modal) - Nominative - Masc - Sing - καρποφορέω - bearing fruit, producing positive results

καὶ · Preposition used to link two modal participles - and

αὐξανόμενοι · Present (Descriptive) - Active - Participle (Adverbial: Modal) - Nominative - Masc - Sing - αὐξάνω - growing (maturing spiritually)

τῆ ἐπιγνώσει · 3rd declension noun - Locative (Sphere) - Feminine - Sing - ἐπίγνωσις, -εως, ἡ - in the knowledge, full understanding

τοῦ θεοῦ · 2nd declension noun - Genitive (Reference/ Objective) - Masc - Sing - θεός, ὁ - of God

έν · Preposition used with Instrumental of Manner noun - with

πάση · Adjective (Attributive) - Instrumental - Fem - Sing - π ãς, π ãσα, π ãν - with full, complete, all

δυνάμει · 3rd declension noun - Instrumenta (Manner) - Fem - Sing - δύναμις, -εως, $\dot{\eta}$ - with full power

δυναμούμενοι · Present (Descriptive) - Passive (N.A.E.) - Participle (Adverbial: Modal) - Nominative - Masc - PI - δυναμόω - being strengthened, being empowered

κατα · Preposition used with Accusative of Measure / Reference noun - according to, to the extent of

τὸ κράτος · 3rd declension noun - Accusative (Measure / Reference) - Neuter - Sing - κράτος, -ους, τό - to the extent of the strength, power

τῆς δόξης · 1st Declension noun - Genitive (Descriptive [Identity]) - Fem - Sing - δόξα, ἡ - of his glory

αὐτοῦ · Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possession) - Masc - Sing - αὐτός. αὐτή, αὐτό - his

είς · Preposition used with Accusative of Purpose noun - for

 $\pi\tilde{\alpha}\sigma\alpha v$ · Adjective (Attributive) - Accusative - Fem - Sing - $\pi\tilde{\alpha}\varsigma$, $\pi\tilde{\alpha}\sigma\alpha$, $\pi\tilde{\alpha}v$ - for full, complete, all

ύπομονὴν · 1st declension noun - Accusative (Purpose) - Fem - Sing - ὑπομονή, ἡ - patience, endurance

 $\kappa\alpha$ i · coordinate conjunction connecting two nouns - and

μακροθυμίαν · 1st declension noun - Accusative (Purpose) - Fem - Sing - μακροθυμία, ή - patience, endurance

μετὰ· Preposition used with Genitive of Manner noun - with

χαρᾶς: 1st declension noun - Genitive (Manner) - Fem - Sing - χαρά, ή - with joy

- εὐχαριστοῦντες · Present (Descriptive) Active Participle (Adverbial: Modal) Nominative Masc PI εὐχαριστέω giving thanks, as we give thanks
- τῷ πατρὶ · 3rd declension noun Dative (Direct Object) Masc Sing πατῆρ, πατρός, ὁ to the Father
- τῷ ἱκανώσαντι · 1 Aorist (Culminative) Active Participle (Adjectival: Attributive) Dative Masc Sing ἱκανόω who has made us strong, has strengthened, rendered us fit for
- ύμᾶς · Personal Pronoun Accusative (Direct Object) PI $\sigma \dot{v}$ you
- εἰς · Preposition used with Accusative of Purpose noun for
- τὴν μερίδα · 3rd declension noun Accusative (Purpose) Fem Sing μερίς, -ίδος, ἡ for a share, portion
- τοῦ κλήρου · 2nd declension noun Ablative (Partitive) Masc Sing κλήρος, ὁ in the lot, inheritance
- τῶν ἀγίων · Adjective (Substantival) Genitive (Possessive / Objective) Masc PI ἄγιος, -ία, -ον of the saints, given to the saints
- ἐν τῷ φωτί · 3rd declension noun Locative (Sphere) Neuter Sing φῶς, φωτός, τό in the light

Body

1.13

 \circ_{ς} · Relative Pronoun - Nom (Subj) - Masc - Sing - \circ_{ς} , η , \circ - who

ἐρρύσατο · 1 Aorist (Const) - Deponent - Indicative - 3 - Sing - ῥύομαι - who rescued

ἡμᾶς · Personal Pronoun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Plural - ἐγώ - us

έκ · Preposition used with Ablative of Source noun - out of, from

- τῆς ἐξουσίας · 1st declension noun Ablative (Source) Fem Sing ἐξουσία, ἡ from the power, authority
- τοῦ σκότους · 3rd declension noun Genitive (Description) Neuter Sing σκότος, -ους, τό of darkness
- καὶ · Coordinate conjunction here used to connect two verbs to a common subject and
- μετέστησεν · 1 Aorist (Constative) Act Indicative 3 Sing μεθίστημι he transformed, brought
- εἰς τὴν βασιλείαν · 1st declension noun Accusative (Measure / Reference) Fem Sing βασιλεία, ἡ into the Kingdom, rule
- τοῦ νίοῦ · 2nd declension noun Genitive (Possessive) Masc Sing νίος, ὁ of the son

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αὐτοῦ, · Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possessive) - Masc - Sing - αὐτός, -ή, -όν - his
1.14
έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere pronoun - in

 δ: Relative Pronoun - Locative (Sphere) - Masc - Sing - ὅς, ἥ, ὅ - in whom

ἔχομεν: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Indicative - 1 - PI - ἔχω - we have, possess
τὴν ἀπολύτρωσιν, : 3rd declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Fem - Sing - ἀπολύτρωσις, -εως, ἡ
       - redemption
τὴν ἄφεσιν: 3rd declension noun - Accusative (Apposition) - Fem - Sing - ἄφεσις, -εως, ή - the forgive-
       ness
τῶν ἀμαρτιῶν: 1st declension noun - Genitive (Decription / *Objective) - Fem - PI - ἀμαρτία, ἡ - of sins
1.15
őς: Relative Pronoun - Nominative (Sujbect) - Masc - Sing - őς, ή, ő - who
έστιν: Present (Descriptive) - Indicative - 3 - Sing - εἰμί - who is
εἰκὼν : 3rd declension noun - Nominative (Predicate) - Fem - Sing - εἰκών, -όνος, ή - (the) image
τοῦ θεοῦ : 2nd declension noun - Genitive (Reference / Identity) - Masc - Sing - θεός, \dot{o} - of God
τοῦ ἀοράτου, : Adjective (Attributive) - Genitive - Masc - Sing - ἀόρατος, -ον - of the invisible (God)
πρωτότοκος: Adjective (Predicate) - Nominative (Predicate) - Masc - Sing - πρωτότοκος, -ον - first-born
πάσης: Adjective (Attributive) - Genitive - Fem - Sing - πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν - of all
κτίσεως, : 3rd declension noun - Genitive (Reference) / Ablative (Partitive) - Fem - Sing - κτίσις, -εως, ή -
       of all creation
1.16
ὄτι: Subordinate conjunction introducing conjunctory adverial causal dependent clause - because
έν: Preposition used with locative of sphere noun - in
αὐτῷ: Personal Pronoun - Locative (Sphere) - Masc - Sing - αὐτός, -ή, -ó - in him
ἐκτίσθη: 1 Aorist (Constative) - Passive (NAE) - Indicative - 3 - Sing - κτίζω - all things were created
       (neuter plural subject with singular verb situation)
τὰ πάντα : Adjective (Substantival) - Nominative (Subject) - Neuter - PI - πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν - all things
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τῆς ἀγάπης · 1st - Genitive (Reference) - Fem - Sing - ἀγάπη, ἡ - of his love

- έν: Preposition used with locative of place noun in
- τοῖς οὐρανοῖς : 2nd declension noun Locative (Place) Masc PI οὐρανός, ὁ in Heaven (plural use of noun for spiritual home of God)
- $\kappa\alpha$: Coordinate conjuction used to link two prepositional phrases and
- ἐπὶ: Preposition use of genitive of place noun on, upon
- τῆς γῆς,: 1st declension noun Genitive (Place) Fem Sing γή, ή upon the earth
- τὰ ὁρατὰ : Adjective (Substantival) Nominative (Apposition) Neut PI ὁρατός, -ή, -όν the visible (things)
- καί: Coordinate conjuction used to link two substantival adjectives and
- τὰ ἀόρατα, : Adjective (Substantival) Nominative (Apposition) Neut PI ἀόρατος, -ον the invisible (things)
- εἴτε: coordinate conjunction linking four elliptical independent clauses together in adversative relationship whether
- θρόνοι : 2nd declension noun Nominative (Subject) Masc PI θρόνος, ὁ thrones
- εἴτε : coordinate conjunction linking four elliptical independent clauses together in adversative relationship whether
- κυριότητες : 1st declension noun Nominative (Subject) Fem PI κυριότης, -ητος, ή Iordships, rulers, authorities
- εἴτε: coordinate conjunction linking four elliptical independent clauses together in adversative relationship whether
- άρχαὶ: 1st declension noun Nominative (Subject) Fem PI ἀρχή, ἡ powers, rulers
- εἴτε: coordinate conjunction linking four elliptical independent clauses together in adversative relationship whether
- έξουσίαι: 1st declension noun Nominative (Subject) Fem PI έξουσία, ή powers
- τὰ πάντα : Adjective (Substantival) Nominative (Subject) Neuter PI πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν all things
- $\delta\iota$ ': Preposition used with Ablative of Agency noun to introduce indrect agency idea through, by
- αὐτοῦ: Personal Pronoun Ablative (Agency) Masc Sing αὐτός, -ή, -ό through Him
- καὶ: Coordinate conjuction used to link two prepositional phrases and
- είς: Preposition used with Accusative of Purpose noun for

ἔκτισται·: Imperfect (Durative) - Passive (Indirect Agency) - Indicative - 3 - Sing - κτίζω- all things have been created (neuter plural subject with singular verb situation) 1.17 καὶ: Coordinate conjunction linking indirectly two sentences - and αὐτός: Personal Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - Masc - Sing - αὐτός, -ή, -ό - He έστιν: Present (Descriptive) - Indicative - 3 - Sing - εἰμί - he is πρὸ: Preposition used with Ablative of Separation noun with temporal designation - before πάντων: Adjective (Substantival) - Ablative (Separation) - Neuter - PI - πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν - all things καί: Coordinate conjunction liking two independent clauses - and τὰ πάντα : Adjective (Substantival) - Nominative (Subject) - Neuter - PI - $\pi \tilde{\alpha}$ ς, $\pi \tilde{\alpha}$ σα, $\pi \tilde{\alpha}$ ν - all these things έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere noun - in Him αὐτῷ : Personal Pronoun - Locative (Sphere) - Masc - Sing - αὐτός, -ή, -ό - in Him συνέστηκεν, : 1 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Indicative - 3 - Sing - συνίστημι - all things exist, have their existence 1.18 καί: Coordinate conjunction liking two independent clauses - and αὐτός : Personal Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - Masc - Sing - αὐτός, -ή, -ό - He έστιν: Present (Descriptive) - Indicative - 3 - Sing - εἰμί - he is ή κεφαλή: 1st declension noun - Nominative (Predicate) - Fem - Sing - κεφαλή, ή - the head τοῦ σώματος : 3rd declension noun - Genitive (Identity) - Neut - Sing - σῶμα, -ατος, τό - of the body τῆς ἐκκλησίας: 1st - Genitive (Apposition) - Fem - Sing - ἐκκλησία, ἡ - that is, the church ὄς: Relative Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - Masc - Sing - ὄς, ἥ, ὄ - who έστιν: Present (Descriptive) - Indicative - 3 - Sing - εἰμί - who is ἀρχή, : 1st declension noun - Nominative (Predicate) - Fem - Sing - ἀρχή, ἡ - the beginning πρωτότοκος : Adjective (Predicate) - Nominative (Predicate) - Masc - Sing - πρωτότοκος, -ον - first born ἐκ: Preposition used with Ablative of Source noun - out of, from

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αὐτὸν: Personal Pronoun - Accusative (Purpose) - Masc - Sing - αὐτός, -ή, -ό - for Him

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τῶν νεκρῶν, : Adjective (Substantival) - Ablative (Source) - Masc - PI - νεκρός, -ή, -όν - of the dead (ones)
ινα: Subordinate conjunction introducing conjunctory adverbial purpose dependent clause - in order
       that, so that
γένηται: 2 Aorist (Const) - Deponent - Subjunctive (Potential) - 3 - Sing - γίνομαι - he might be, become
έν: Preposition used with locative of sphere noun - in
\pi\tilde{\alpha}\sigma\iota\nu: Adjective (Substantival) - Locative (Sphere) - Neuter - PI - \pi\tilde{\alpha}\varsigma, \pi\tilde{\alpha}\sigma\alpha, \pi\tilde{\alpha}\nu - in all these things
αὐτὸς: Personal Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - Masc - Sing - αὐτός, -ή, -ό - He
πρωτεύων: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Participle (Adjectival: Predicate) - Nominative - Masc - Sing -
       πρωτεύω - ruling, having preeminence, be in first place
1.19
ὄτι: Subordinate conjunction introducing conjunctory adverbial causal dependent clause - because
έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere noun - in Him
αὐτῷ : Personal Pronoun - Locative (Sphere) - Masc - Sing - αὐτός, -ή, -ό - in Him
εὐδόκησεν : 1 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Indicative - 3 - Sing - εὐδοκέω - God was pleased
\pi \tilde{\alpha} v: Adjective (Predicate) - Accusative - Neuter - Sing - -\pi \tilde{\alpha} \varsigma, \pi \tilde{\alpha} \sigma \alpha, \pi \tilde{\alpha} v - all
τὸ πλήρωμα: 3rd declension noun - Accusative (Reference) - Neuter - Sing - πλήρωμα, -ατος, τό - the
       fulness
κατοικῆσαι: 1 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Infinitive (Subtstantival: Object) - κατοικέω - to dwell
1.20
καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two infinitival phrases together - and
δι': Preposition used with Ablative of Agency noun - through
αὐτοῦ: Personal Pronoun - Ablative (Agency) - Masc - Sing - αὐτός, -ή, -ό - through Him
ἀποκαταλλάξαι: 1 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Infinitive (Subtstantival: Object) - ἀποκαταλλάσσω - to
       reconcile
τὰ πάντα : Adjective (Substantival) - Accusative (Direct Object) - Neuter - Sing - - πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν - all
       things
είς: Preposition used with Accusative of Measure noun - to
αὐτόν, Personal Pronoun - Accusative (Measure) - Masc - Sing - αὐτός, -ή, -ό - to himself
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tal) - Nominative - Masc - Sing - είρηνοποιέω - after having made peace, by having made peace
\delta\iota\dot{\alpha}: Preposition used with Ablative of Means noun - through
τοῦ αἵματος : 3rd declension noun - Ablative (Means) - Neuter - Sing - αἷμα, -ατος, τό - through the blood
τοῦ σταυροῦ: 2nd declension noun - Genitive (Reference) - Masc - Sing - σταυρός, ὁ - of his cross
αὐτοῦ,: Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possession) - Masc - Sing - αὐτός, -ή, -ó - his
δι': Preposition used with Ablative of Agency noun - through
αὐτοῦ: Personal Pronoun - Ablative (Agency) - Masc - Sing - αὐτός, -ή, -ό - through Him
\epsilon \tilde{\iota} \tau \epsilon: Coordinate correlative conjunction - whether
\tau \dot{\alpha}: Article (Substantive) - Accusative (Apposition) - Neuter - Plural - \dot{o}, \dot{\eta}, \tau \dot{o} - things
ἐπὶ: Preposition used with Genitive of Place noun - upon
τῆς γῆς: 1st declension noun - Genitive (Place) - Feminine - Sing - γή, ή - upon the earth
\varepsiloniτε: Coordinate correlative conjunction - whether
τὰ: Article (Substantive) - Accusative (Apposition) - Neuter - Plural - ὁ, ἡ, τό - things
έν: Preposition used with Locative of Place noun - in
τοῖς οὐρανοῖς.: 2nd declension noun - Locative (Place) - Masc - Plural - οὐρανός, ὁ - in Heaven
1.21
K\alpha: coordinate conjunction linking two sentences - and
ύμᾶς: Personal Pronoun - Accusative (Direct Object) - PI - σύ - you
ποτε: Temporal Adverb - once, formerly
ὄντας: Present (Descriptive) - Participle (Adverbial: Temporal / Concessive) - Nominative - Masc - PI -
       εἰμί - when you were / although you were
ἀπηλλοτριωμένους: Present (Descriptive) - Passive (NAE) - Participle (Adjectival: Predicate) - Nomina-
       tive (Predicate) - Masc - PI - ἀπηλλοτριόω - being alienated
καί: coordinate conjunction linking two predicate adjectives - and
έχθροὺς: Adjective (Predicate) - Nominative (Predicate) - Masc - PI - ἐχθρός, -όν - enemies
τῆ διανοία: 1st declension noun - Locative (Sphere) - Fem - Sing -διανοία, ἡ - in your reasoning, mind
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εἰρηνοποιήσας: 1 Aorist (Constative / Culminative) - Active - Participle (Adverbial: Temporal / Instrumen-

- έν: Preposition used with instrumental of means noun by, by means of
- τοῖς ἔργοις : 2nd declension noun Instrumental (Means) Neuter PI ἔργον, τό by your evil deeds, actions

τοῖς πονηροῖς, : Adjective (Attributive) - Instrumental - Neuter - PI - πονηρός, -ή, -όν - evil

1.22

νυνὶ : Temporal adverb standing in correlative relation to ποτε in verse 21 - now

δὲ: Coordinate conjunction denoting mild contrast - but

ἀποκατήλλαξεν: 1 Aorist (Culminative) - Active - Indicative - 3 - Sing - ἀποκαταλλάσσω- he has reconciled

 $\dot{\epsilon} v$: Preposition used with either Locative of Place or Instrumental of Means noun - in / by

τῷ σώματι : 3rd declension noun - Locative (Place) / Instrumental (Means) - Neuter - Sing - σῶμα, -ατος, τό - in / by his body

τῆς σαρκὸς: 3rd - Genitive (Description) - Feminine - Sing - σάρξ, σαρκός, ἡ - of flesh/ fleshly

αὐτοῦ: Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possession) - Masc - Sing - αὐτός, -ή, -ό - his

 $δι\grave{\alpha}$: Preposition used with Ablative of Means case noun to denote indirect impersonal agency - by, through

τοῦ θανάτου: 2nd declension noun - Ablative (Means) - Masc - Sing - θάνατος, ὁ - by death

παραστῆσαι: 1 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Infinitive (Verbal: Purpose) - παρίστημι - in order to present

ὑμᾶς: Personal Pronoun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Plural - ἐγώ - us

άγίους : Adjective (Predicate) - Accusative (Predicate Object) - Masculine - Plural - ἄγιος, -ία, -ον - as holy

καὶ: Coordinate conjunction linking a series of predicate objects to the infinitive - and

ἀμώμους : Adjective (Predicate) - Accusative (Predicate Object) - Masculine - Plural - ἄμωμος, -ον - spotless, without blemish

 $\kappa\alpha$: Coordinate conjunction linking a series of predicate objects to the infinitive - and

ἀνεγκλήτους : Adjective (Predicate) - Accusative (Predicate Object) - Masculine - Plural - ἀνέγκλητος, - ον - above reproach, blameless

κατενώπιον: Preposition used with Ablative of Separation / Genitive of Place Noun - in the presence of, before

- αὐτοῦ, : Personal Pronoun Ablative (Separation) / Genitive (Place) Masc Sing αὐτός, -ή, -ό before him, in his presence
- 1.23
- $\epsilon \tilde{\imath}$: Subordinate conjunction introducing a first class conditional protasis serving as an adverbial conditional dependent clause if
- $\gamma\epsilon$: Particle of emphasis indeed
- ἐπιμένετε: Present (Descriptive) Active Indicative (Potential) 2 Plural ἐπιμένω you continue, remain steadfast
- τῆ πίστει: 3rd declension noun Locative (Sphere) Feminine Sing πίστις, -εως, ἡ in faith
- τεθεμελιωμένοι: Perfect (Intensive) Passive (N.A.E.) Participle (Adverbial: Modal / Temporal) Nominative Masculine Plural θεμελιόω being grounded, being established
- $\kappa\alpha$ i : Coordinate conjunction linking two adverbial modifiers of the dependent clause verb and
- (ὄντες) ἑδραῖοι : Adjective (Predicate) Nominative Masculine Plural ἑδραῖος, -α, -ον steadfast, firm, unshakeable
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction linking two adverbial modifiers of the dependent clause verb and
- μὴ μετακινούμενοι : Present (Descriptive) Passive (N.A.E.) Participle (Adverbial: Modal / Temporal) Nominative Masc Plural μετακινέω not being moved, not being dislodged
- $\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{o}$: Preposition used with Ablative of Separation noun away from
- τῆς ἐλπίδος : 3rd Declension noun Ablative (Separation) Feminine Sing ἐλπίς, -ίδος, ἡ from hope / from the hope
- τοῦ εὐαγγελίου : 2nd declension noun Genitive (Subjective) Neuter Sing εὐαγγέλιον, τό of the gospel, that comes from the gospel
- $o\tilde{\vartheta}$: Relative Pronoun Genitive (Reference) Neuter Sing $\S\varsigma$, $\S\eta$, $\S\nu$ Introducing an adjectival relative dependent clause about which
- ήκούσατε, : 1 Aorist (Culminative) Active Indicative 2 Plural ἀκούω you have heard
- τοῦ κηρυχθέντος : 1 Aorist (Culminative) Passive (N.A.E.) Participle (Adjective: Attributive) Genitive Neuter Sing κηρύσσω which has been proclaimed
- έν: Preposition used with locative of place noun in
- πάση: Adjective (Attributive) Locative Feminine Singular $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \varsigma$, $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \sigma \alpha$, $\pi \tilde{\alpha} v$ in all
- κτίσει: 3rd declension noun Locative (Place) Feminine Singular κτίσις, -εως, ἡ in all creation
- τ $\tilde{\eta}$: Article used in front of prepositional phrase in order to link the phrase back to the noun κτίσει as an

attributive adjective modifier.

ὑπὸ: Preposition used with Accusative of Place / Measure noun - under

τὸν οὖρανόν, : 2nd declension noun - Accusative (Place / Measure) - Masculine - Singular - οὖρανός, ὁ - under heaven, under the sky

 $o\tilde{\upsilon}$: Relative Pronoun - Genitive (Reference) - Neuter - Sing - $\delta \varsigma$, η , δv - Introducing an adjectival relative dependent clause - about which

ἐγενόμην: 2 Aorist (Constative) - Deponent - Indicative - 1 - Singular - γίνομαι - Ι was made

ἐγὼ: Personal Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - Singular - ἐγώ - I

Παῦλος: Proper Name - Nominative (Apposition) - Masculine - Singular - Παῦλος, \dot{o} - Paul

διάκονος.: 2nd declension noun - Nominative (Predicate) - Masculine - Singular - διάκονος, ὁ / ἡ - a servant, minister

1.24

 $N\tilde{\upsilon}v$: Temporal Adverb - now

χαίρω: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Indicative - 1 - Sing - χαίρω - I am rejoicing

έν: Preposition used with Locative of Place noun - in

τοῖς παθήμασιν : 3rd declension noun - Locative (Place) - Neuter - Plural - πάθημα, -ατος, τό - in the sufferings

ὑπὲρ: Preposition used with Ablative of Advantage noun - in behalf of, for the sake of

ὑμῶν: Personal Pronoun - Ablative (Advantage) - Plural - σύ - of you

καί: Coordinate conjunction linking here two independent clauses - and

ἀνταναπληρῶ: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Indicative - 1 - Sing - ἀνταναπληρόω - I complete, fill up

τὰ ὑστερήματα: 3rd declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Neuter - Plural - ὑστέρημα, ατος, τό - the missing things, what is lacking

τῶν θλίψεων : 3rd declension noun - Genitive (Reference) - Feminine - Plural - θλῖψις, -εως, $\dot{\eta}$ - in the afflictions, sufferings, hardships

τοῦ Χριστοῦ: Proper Name - Genitive (Possessive) - Masc - Sing - Χριστός, ὁ - of Christ

έν: Preposition used with Locative of Place noun - in

τῆ σαρκί : 3rd - Locative (Place) - Feminine - Sing - σάρξ, σαρκός, ἡ - in my flesh

μου: Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possessive) - Sing - ἐγω - my

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τοῦ σώματος: 3rd declension noun - Ablative (Advantage) - Neuter - Sing - σῶμα, -ατος, τό - of his body
αὐτοῦ, : Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possessive) - Masc - Sing - αὐτός, -ή, -ó - his
ő: Relative Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - Neuter - Singular - ὅς, ἥ, ὅ - introducing attributive adjecti-
       val conjunctory dependent clause - which
έστιν: Present (Descriptive) - Indicative - 3 - Sing - εἰμί - it is
ή ἐκκλησία, : 1st declension noun - Nominative (Predicate) - Fem - Sing - ἐκκλησία, ἡ - the church
1.25
ñς : Relative Pronoun - Genitive (Reference) - Feminine - Sing - ὄς, ἥ, ὄ - in regard to which
έγενόμην: 2 Aorist (Constative) - Deponent - Indicative - 1 - Sing - γίνομαι - I was made, I became
ἐγὼ: Personal Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - Sing - ἐγώ - I
διάκονος: 2nd declension noun - Nominative (Predicate) - Masc - Sing - διάκονος, ὁ / ἡ - a minister,
       servant
κατὰ: Preposition used with the Accusative of Reference noun - according to
τὴν οἰκονομίαν: 1st declension noun - Accusative (Reference) - Fem - Sing - οἰκονομία, ή - according
       to the administration, the plan, task
τοῦ θεοῦ: 2nd declension noun - Genitive (Possessive) - Masc - Sing - θεός, ὁ - God's
τὴν δοθεῖσάν: 1 Aorist (Constative / Culminative) - Passive (N.A.E.) - Participle (Adjective: Attributive) -
       Nominative - Feminine - Singular - δίδωμι - which was given / which has been given
μοι : Personal Pronoun - Dative (Indirect Object) - Singular - ἐγώ - to me
είς: Preposition used with Accusative of Advantage noun - for your benefit, for your sake
ύμᾶς: Personal Pronoun - Accusative (Advantage) - Plural - σύ - for you
πληρῶσαι: 1 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Infinitive (Verbal: Purpose) - πληρόω - in order to fulfill, fully
       proclaim
τὸν λόγον: 2nd declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Masculine - Singular - λόγος, ὁ - the word
τοῦ θεοῦ, : 2nd declension noun - Genitive (Possessive) - Masc - Sing - θεός, ὁ - God's
1.26
τὸ μυστήριον: 2nd declension noun - Nominative (Apposition) - Neuter - Sing - μυστήριον, τό - the
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ὑπὲρ: Preposition used with Ablative of Advantage noun - in behalf of, for the sake of

mystery

- τὸ ἀποκεκρυμμένον : Perfect (Intensive) Passive (N.A.E.) Participle (Adjectival: Attributive) Nominative Neuter Singular ἀποκρύπτω which stands hidden
- $\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{o}$: Preposition used with Ablative of Separation noun from, away from
- τῶν αἰώνων : 3rd declension noun Ablative (Separation) Masc Plural -αἰών, -ῶνος, ὁ over the ages; from the beginning (of time)
- $\kappa\alpha$: Coordinate conjunction used to link two prepositional phrases and
- $\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{o}$: Preposition used with Ablative of Separation noun from, away from
- τῶν γενεῶν -: 1st declension noun Ablative (Separation) Fem Plural γενεά, ἡ from the generations
- $v\tilde{\upsilon}v$: Temporal adverb now
- δὲ: Postpositive coordinate conjunction denoting contrast but
- έφανερώθη: 1 Aorist (Culminative) Passive (N.A.E.) Indicative 3 Sing φανερόω it (the mystery) has been manifested, made clear
- τοῖς ἀγίοις : Adjective (Substantival) Dative (Indirect Object) Masc Plural ἀγίος, -ία, -ον to his saints, holy ones
- αὐτοῦ, : Personal Pronoun Genitive (Possessive) Masc Sing αὐτός, -ή, -ó his
- 1.27
- \tilde{oig} : Relative Pronoun Dative (Indirect Object) Masc Plural \tilde{og} , $\tilde{\eta}$, \tilde{og} introducing a relative attributive adjectival dependent clause to whom
- ήθέλησεν: 1 Aorist (Constative) Active Indicative 3 Sing θέλω he chose, desired, decided
- \dot{o} θε \dot{o} ς: 2nd declension noun Nominative (Subject) Masc Sing θε \dot{o} ς, \dot{o} God
- γνωρίσαι: 1 Aorist (Constative) Active Infinitive (Substantival: Object) γνωρίζω to make known, declare
- $\tau \acute{\iota}$: Interrogative Pronoun used to introduce an indirect question as a conjunctory relative substantival object dependent clause what
- τὸ πλοῦτος : 2nd declension noun Nominative (Subject) Neuter Sing πλοῦτος, τό is the wealth, are the riches (the ordinarily 2nd declension noun masculine noun π λοῦτος, ὁ also shows up in the nominative and accusative cases with a neuter article on occasion)
- τῆς δόξης : 1st declension noun Genitive (Descriptive [Identity]) Feminine Singular δόξα, $\dot{\eta}$ of the glory, brilliance
- τοῦ μυστηρίου : 2nd Genitive (Descriptive) Neuter Singular μυστηρίον, τό of this mystery

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τούτου: Demonstrative Pronoun - Genitive - Neuter - Singular - οὖτος, αὕτη, τοῦτο- of this
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ἐν: Preposition used with Locative of place noun in distributive sense - among

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τοῖς ἔθνεσιν, : 3rd - Locative (Place) - Neuter - Plural - ἔθνος, -ους, τό - among the Gentiles
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 \ddot{o} : Relative Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - Neuter - Singular - \ddot{o} ς, $\ddot{\eta}$, \ddot{o} - introducing a relative attributive adjectival dependent clause - which

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έστιν: Present (Descriptive / Gnomic) - Indicative - 3 - Sing - εἰμί - which is
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Χριστὸς: Proper Name - Nominative (Predicate) - Masc - Sing - Χριστὸς, ὁ - Christ

έν: Preposition used with Locative of place / sphere noun - in

ύμῖν,: Personal Pronoun - Locative (Sphere) - Plural - σύ - in you

ή ἐλπὶς : 3rd declension noun - Nominative (Apposition) - Feminine - Singular - ἐλπίς, -ίδος, ἡ - the hope, confidence

τῆς δόξης: 1st declension noun - Genitive (Descriptive / Objective) - Feminine - Singular - δόξα, $\dot{\eta}$ - of glory

1.28

 δv : Relative Pronoun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Masculine - Singular - $\delta \varsigma$, $\ddot{\eta}$, \ddot{o} - introducing a relative attributive adjectival dependent clause - whom

ἡμεῖς: Personal Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - Plural - ἐγώ - we

καταγγέλλομεν : Present (Descriptive) - Active - Indicative - 1 - Plural - καταγγέλλω - we are proclaiming, announcing, declaring

νουθετοῦντες : Present (Descriptive) - Active - Participle (Adverbial: Modal) - Nominative - Masculine - Plural - νουθετέω - as we admonish, exhort

πάντα: Adjective (Attributive) - Accusative - Masculine - Singular - πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν - every

ἄνθρωπον : 2nd declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Masculine - Singular - ἄνθρωπος, ὁ - person

 $\kappa\alpha$: Coordinate conjunction linking two participal phrases together - and

διδάσκοντες : Present (Descriptive) - Active - Participle (Adverbial: Modal) - Nominative - Masculine - Plural - διδάσκω - as we teach

πάντα: Adjective (Attributive) - Accusative - Masculine - Singular - πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν - every

ἄνθρωπον : 2nd declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Masculine - Singular - ἄνθρωπος, ὁ - person

- έν: Preposition used with Instrumental of Means noun with
- πάση: Adjective (Attributive) Instrumental Feminine Singular πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν with full, complete
- σοφία, : 1st declension noun Instrumental (Means) / Locative (Sphere) Feminine Singular σοφία, ἡ with full wisdom
- $\tilde{\iota}\nu\alpha$: Subordinate conjunction introducing a conjunctory adverbial purpose dependent clause in order that
- παραστήσωμεν: 1 Aorist (Constative) Active Subjunctive (Potential) 1 Plural παρίστημι that we might present
- πάντα: Adjective (Attributive) Accusative Masculine Singular πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν every
- ἄνθρωπον : 2nd declension noun Accusative (Direct Object) Masculine Singular ἄνθρωπος, ὁ person
- τέλειον : Adjective (Predicate) Accusative (Predicate Object) Masculine Singular τέλειος, -α, -ον perfect, mature, complete
- έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere noun in
- Χριστῷ· : Proper Name Locative (Sphere) Masculine Singular Χριστός, \dot{o} in Christ
- 1.29
- είς: Preposition used with Accusative of Purpose relative pronoun for
- ö : Relative Pronoun Accusative (Purpose) Neuter Singular - Introducing a relative adverbial purpose dependent clause attached to the verb καταγγέλλομεν for which (cause)
- $\kappa \alpha i$: Coordinate conjunction here used in the adjunctive adverbial sense of 'also'
- κοπιῶ: Present (Descriptive) Active Indicative 1 Singular κοπιάω I labor hard, work hard
- ἀγωνιζόμενος: Present (Descriptive) Deponent Participle (Adverbial: Modal) Nominative Masculine Singular ἀγωνιζόμαι as I struggle with, agonize over
- κατὰ: Preposition used with Accusative of Reference noun in regard to, in reference to
- τὴν ἐνέργειαν : 1st declension noun Accusative (Reference) Feminine Singular ἐνέργεια, ἡ in regard to his operative power
- αὐτοῦ: Personal Pronoun Genitive (Possessive) Masculine Singular αὐτός, -ή, -ό his
- τὴν ἐνεργουμένην : Present (Descriptive) Passive (N.A.E.) Participle (Substantival: Object) Accusative (Direct Object) Feminine Singular ἐνεργέω that which is at work (supernaturally)
- έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere pronoun in

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έμοι : Personal Pronoun - Locative (Sphere) - Singular - ἐγώ - in me
èv: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere / Instrumental of Manner noun - in / with
δυνάμει.: 3rd - Instrumental (Manner) - Feminine - Singular - δύναμις, -εως, ή - with power
2.1
Θέλω: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Indicative - 1 - Singular - θέλω - I desire, wish
\gamma \dot{\alpha} \rho: Postpositive coordinate conjunction introducing independent conjunctory causal clause - for
ύμᾶς: Personal Pronoun - Accusative (Reference) - Plural - σύ - for you
εἰδέναι : Perfect (Present mng) - Active - Infinitive (Substantival: Object) - οἶδα - to know
ήλίκον: Relative Adjective (Attributive) - Accusative - Masculine - Singular - ἡλίκος, -η, -ον - Introducing
       a relative dependent Substantival Object clause - how great a
ἀγῶνα: 3rd declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Masculine - Singular - ἀγών, -ῶνος, ὁ- a
       struggle, fight
ἔχω: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Indicative - 1 - Singular - ἔχω - I am having
ὑπὲρ: Preposition used with Ablative of Advantage noun - for you, in your behalf
ύμῶν: Personal Pronoun - Ablative (Advantage) - Plural - σύ - for you, in your behalf
καὶ: Coordinate conjunction used to connect two nouns - and
τῶν : Article used substantivally - Ablative (Advantage) - Masculine - Plural - ὁ, ἡ, τό - for those
έν: Preposition used with Locative of Place noun - in
Λαοδικεία : Geographical Name - Locative (Place) - Feminine - Singular - Λαοδικεία, ή - Laodicea
καὶ: Coordinate conjunction used to connect two nominals - and
ὄσοι: Relative Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - Masculine - Plural - ὄσος, -η, -ον - for as many as
οὐχ: Negative adverb - not
ἑόρακαν : Perfect (Consumative) - Active - Indicative - 3 - Plural - ὁράω - as many as who have not seen
τὸ πρόσωπόν: 2nd - Accusative (Direct Object) - Neuter - Singular - πρόσωπον, τό - my face
μου : Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possessive) - Singular - ἐγώ - my
έν: Preposition used with Locative of Place noun - in
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- ινα: Subordinate conjunction introducing conjunctory adverbial purpose dependent clause in order that
- παρακληθῶσιν: 2 Aorist (Constative) Passive (N.A.E.) Subjunctive (Potential) 3 Plural παρακαλέω their hearts may be encouraged, comforted
- αὶ καρδίαι: 1st declension noun Nominative (Subject) Feminine Plural καρδία, ἡ their hearts
- αὐτῶν, : Personal Pronoun Genitive (Possessive) Masculine Plural αὐτός, -ή, -ό their
- συμβιβασθέντες : 1 Aorist (Constative) Passive (N.A.E./ Direct Impersonal Agency) Participle (Adverbial: Modal) Nominative Masculine Plural συμβιβάζω after having been knitted together
- ἐν: Preposition used with either Locative of Sphere or Instrumental of Means noun in / by
- ἀγάπη : 1st declension noun Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Means) Feminine Singular ἀγάπη, ἡ in/by love
- $\kappa\alpha i$: Coordinate conjunction used to link two prepositional phrases and
- $\varepsilon i\varsigma$: Preposition used with Accusative of Purpose noun for
- $\pi \tilde{\alpha} v$: Adjective (Attributive) Accusative Neuter Singular - for all, complete, full
- πλοῦτος: 2nd declension noun Accusative (Purpose) Neuter Singular -πλοῦτος, τό / ὁ for full wealth, riches [this word is mostly used in the masculine gender spelling but also is used a few times in this spelling in the nominative and accusative cases as a neuter singular noun; such is the case with the usage here; cf. A-G, p. 674, for explanation.]
- τῆς πληροφορίας : 1st declension noun Genitive (Subjective) Feminine Singular πληροφορία, $\dot{\eta}$ that comes from full assurance, full certainty
- τῆς συνέσεως, : 3rd declension noun Genitive (Subjective) Feminine Singlurlar σύνεσις, -έως, ή which is gleaned from deep understanding, rich insight
- εἰς: Preposition used with Accusative of Measure noun into
- ἐπίγνωσιν : 3rd declension noun Accusative (Measure) Feminine Singular ἐπίγνωσις, -εως, ἡ into the knowledge
- τοῦ μυστηρίου : 2nd declension noun Genitive (Objective) Neuter Singular μυστήριον, τό of the mystery
- τοῦ θεοῦ, : 2nd declension noun Genitive (Possessive) Masculine Singular θεός, \dot{o} of God, God's
- Χριστοῦ, : Proper Name Genitive (Apposition) Masculine Singular Χριστός, ὁ that is, of Christ

- ἐν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere relative pronoun in
- δ : Relative Pronoun Locative (Sphere) Masculine Singular ὅς, ἥ, ὅ in whom
- εἰσιν: Present (Descriptive / Gnomic) Indicative 3 Plural εἰμί are all the treasures
- πάντες : Adjective (Predicate) Nominative Masculine Plural πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν all
- οἱ θησαυροὶ : 2nd declension noun Nominative (Subject) Masculine Plural θησαυρός, ὁ all the treasures
- τῆς σοφίας : 1st declension noun Genitive (Descriptive [Identity]) Feminine Singular σοφία, $\dot{\eta}$ of wisdom
- $\kappa\alpha$: coordinate conjunction linking two genitive case nouns and
- γνώσεως : 3rd declension noun Genitive (Descriptive [Identity]) Feminine Singular γνῶσις, -εως, ἡ of knowledge
- ἀπόκρυφοι. : Adjective (Predicate) Nominative (Predicate) Masculine Plural ἀπόκρυφος, -ον stored away, hidden, secret

2.4

- Τοῦτο: Demonstrative Pronoun Accusative (Direct Object) Neuter Singular οὖτος, αὓτη, τοῦτο this (referring the to preceding sentence; the reason for the neuter gender)
- λέγω: Present (Descriptive) Active Indicative 1 Singular λέγω I say
- $\tilde{\iota}\nu\alpha$: Subordinate conjunction introducing a conjunctory adverbial purpose dependent clause in order that, so that
- μηδεὶς : Negative Pronoun Nominative (Subject) Masculine Singular μηδείς, μηδεμία, μηδέν no one
- ύμᾶς: Personal Pronoun Accusative (Direct Object) Plural σύ you
- παραλογίζηται : Present (Descriptive) Deponent Subjunctive (Potential) 3 Singular παραλογίζομαι no one may deceive, lead astray
- ἐν: Preposition used with Instrumental of Means noun with
- πιθανολογία.: 1st declension noun Instrumental (Means) Feminine Singular πιθανολογία, ἡ with persuasive argument (=high sounding but false argumentation)

2.5

 ϵi : Coordinate conjunction introducing a conjunctory first class adverbial concessive clause when used

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with καί below - although, even if
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- $\gamma \dot{\alpha} \rho$: Postpositive coordinate conjunction introducing a causal independent clause for
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction here used with subordinate conjunction in the ascensive function to introduce a first class concessive protasis
- τῆ σαρκὶ : 3rd declension noun Locative (Place) Feminine Singular σάρξ, σαρκός, ἡ in the flesh, = physically
- ἄπειμι, : Present (Descriptive) Indicative (Potential) 1 Singular ἄπειμι Ι am away, absent
- ἀλλὰ: Coordinate conjunction linking two independent clauses as strongly contrasting each other but
- τῷ πνεύματι: 3rd declension noun Locative (Sphere) Neuter Singular πνεῦμα, -ατος, τό in spirit
- σὺν: Preposition used with Instrument of Association pronoun with, together with
- ὑμῖν: Personal Pronoun Instrumental (Association) Plural σύ with you
- εἰμι, : Present (Descriptive) Indicative 1 Singular εἰμί I am
- χαίρων : Present (Descriptive) Active Participle (Adverbial: Modal) Nominative Masculine Singular χαίρω rejoicing
- $\kappa\alpha$: Coordinate conjunction linking two participles together and
- βλέπων: Present (Descriptive) Active Participle (Adverbial: Modal) Nominative Masculine Singular βλέπω seeing
- ύμῶν: Personal Pronoun Genitive (Possessive) Plural σύ your
- τὴν τάξιν : 3rd declension noun Accusative (Direct Object) Feminine Singular τάξις, -εως, $\dot{\eta}$ order, structure, organization
- $\kappa\alpha$: Coordinate conjunction linking two nouns together and
- τὸ στερέωμα : 3rd Accusative (Direct Object) Neuter Singular στερέωμα, -ατος, τό the steadfastness, firmness
- τῆς: Article used with πίστεως below, with the prepositional phrase inserted between as an adjective modifyier.
- είς: Preposition used with Accusative of Measure / Reference noun in
- Χριστὸν : Proper Name Accusative (Measure / Reference) Masculine Singular Χριστός, ὁ in Christ
- πίστεως : 3rd declension noun Genitive (Reference) Feminine Singular πίστις, -εως, ή of your faith
- ύμῶν.: Personal Pronoun Genitive (Possessive) Plural σύ your

- Ω_{ς} : Subordinate conjunction introducing a conjunctory adverbial comparison dependent clause as, to the extent that
- oὖv: Postpositive coordinate conjunction introducing an inferential independent clause therefore, then (in light of this)
- παρελάβετε: 2 Aorist (Culminative) Active Indicative 2 Plural παρελαμβάνω you have received
- τὸν Χριστὸν: Proper Name Accusative (Direct Object) Masculine Singular Χριστός, ὁ Christ [the verb/object combination denotes receiving the orally proclaimed message of the gospel and having responded in a faith commitment to Christ as the central focus of that gospel)
- Ἰησοῦν: Proper Name Accusative (Direct Object / Apposition) Masculine Singular Ἰησοῦς, ὁ Jesus
- τὸν κύριον, : 2nd declension noun Accusative (Predicate Object) Masculine Singular κύριος, ὁ as the Lord
- $\dot{\epsilon} v$: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere pronoun in
- αὐτῷ : Personal Pronoun Locative (Sphere) Masculine Singular αὐτός, -ή, -ό in him
- περιπατεῖτε, : Present (Descriptive) Active Imperative (Command) 2 Plural περιπατέω be walking, continue walking (walking as a metaphor for living day by day, with emphasis upon the behavioral aspect)

2.7

- ἐρριζωμένοι : Perfect (Intensive) Passive (N.A.E.) Participle (Adverbial: Modal) Nominative Masculine Plural ῥιζόω being firmly rooted
- καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two participles together and
- ἐποικοδομούμενοι : Present (Descriptive) Passive (N.A.E.) Participle (Adverbial: Modal) Nominative Masculine Plural ἐποικοδομέω being built up
- έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere pronoun in
- αὐτῷ : Personal Pronoun Locative (Sphere) Masculine Singular αὐτός, -ή, -ό in him
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction linking two participles together and
- βεβαιούμενοι : Present (Descriptive) Passive (N.A.E.) Participle (Adverbial: Modal) Nominative Masculine Plural βεβαιόω being confirmed, established
- τῆ πίστει: 3rd declension noun Locative (Sphere) Feminine Singular πίστις, -εως, ἡ in faith
- καθὸς: Subordinate conjunction introducing a conjunctory adverbial comparative dependent clause -

just as, as

- ἐδιδάχθητε, : 1 Aorist (Culminative) Passive (N.A.E.) Indicative 2 Plural διδάσκω you have been taught, instructed
- περισσεύοντες : Present (Descriptive) Active Participle (Adverbial: Modal) Nominative Masculine Plural περισσεύω as you abound
- έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere pronoun in
- εὐχαριστία. : 1st declension noun Locative (Sphere) Feminine Singular εὐχαριστία, ἡ in thanksgiving

2.8

- βλέπετε: Present (Descriptive) Active Imperative (Command) 2 Plural βλέπω beware, take heed, be on your quard
- μή: Negative particle also serving as subordinate conjunction introducing conjunctory adverbial purpose (negative) dependent clause lest, (in order not to)
- τις: Indefinite Pronoun Nominative (Subject) Masculine Singular τις, τι someone
- ύμᾶς: Personal Pronoun Accusative (Direct Object [of ptc]) Plural σύ you
- ἔσται : Future (Predictive) Indicative 3 Singular ειμί he will be
- ό συλαγωγῶν : Present (Descriptive) Active Participle (Substantival: Predicate Object) Nominative (Predicate) Masculine Singular συλαγωγέω the one who takes you captive, carries you off as spoil
- διά: Preposition used with Ablative of Means noun through, by
- τῆς φιλοσοφίας : 1st declension noun Ablative (Means) Feminine Singular φιλοσοφία, ἡ through philosophy
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction linking two nouns together and
- κενῆς : Adjective (Attributive) Ablative Feminine Singular κενός, -ή, -όν through vain, empty (deceit)
- ἀπάτης : 1st declension noun Ablative (Means) Feminine Singular ἀπάτη, ἡ through empty deception
- κατά: Preposition used with Accusative of Reference noun according to, with reference to
- τὴν παράδοσιν : 3rd declension noun Accusative (Reference) Feminine Singular παράδοσις, -εως, ἡ according to the traditions
- τῶν ἀνθρώπων, : 2nd declension noun Gentive (Descriptive) Masculine -Plural ἄνθρωπος, ὁ of men, human

κατὰ: Preposition used with Accusative of Reference noun - according to, with reference to

τὰ στοιχεῖα: 2nd - Accusative (Reference) - Neuter - Plural - στοιχεῖον, τό - according to the basic elements

τοῦ κόσμου : 2nd declension noun - Genitive (Descriptive) - Masculine - Singular - κόσμος, ὁ - of the world, worldly

καὶ: Coordinate conjunction used to link an elliptical independent clause with the preceding independent clause - and

οὐ: Negative adverb negating the force of an implied form of the participle ὁ συλαγωγῶν - not (taking you captive)

κατά: Preposition used with Accusative of Reference noun - according to, with reference to

Χριστόν $^{\cdot}$: 2nd declension noun - Accusative (Reference) - Masculine - Singular - Χριστός, \dot{o} - according to Christ

2.9

ὄτι : Subordinate conjunction here introducing a conjunctory adverbial causal dependent clause - because

[Might could possibly be construed as a substitute for $\gamma\acute{\alpha}\rho$ and thus introducing an independent clause].

έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere pronoun - in

αὐτῷ: Personal Pronoun - Locative (Sphere) - Masculine - Singular - αὐτός, -ή, -ό - in him

κατοικεῖ : Present (Descriptive / Gnomic) - Active - Indicative - 3 - Singular - κατοικέω - it dwells, resides

 $\pi \tilde{\alpha} v$: Adjective (Predicate) - Nominative - Neuter - Singular - $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \varsigma$, $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \sigma \alpha$, $\pi \tilde{\alpha} v$ - all

τὸ πλήρωμα : 3rd declension noun - Nominative (Subject) - Neuter - Singular - πλήρωμα, -ατος, τό - the fulness

τῆς θεότητος : 3rd declension noun - Genitive (Descriptive) - Feminine - Singular - θεότης, -ητος, $\dot{\eta}$ - of the divine nature, the godhead

σωματικῶς, : Adverb of manner - bodily, in body form

2.10

καὶ: Coordinate conjunction linking two dependent clauses together stemming from δτι - and

ἐστὲ : Present (Descriptive) - Indicative - 2 - Plural - εἰμί - you are

έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere pronoun - in

- αὐτῷ: Personal Pronoun Locative (Sphere) Masculine Singular αὐτός, -ή, -ό in him
- πεπληρωμένοι, : Perfect (Intensive) Passive (N.A.E.) Participle (Adjective: Predicate) Nominative Masculine Plural πληρόω full (having been made complete)
- ος: Relative Pronoun Nominative (Subject) Masculine Singular ος, ἥ, ὄ introducing a relative adjective dependent clause modifying αὐτῷ as pronoun antecedent who
- έστιν: Present (Descriptive) Indicative 3 Singular ειμί who is
- ή κεφαλή: 1st declension noun Nominative (Predicate) Feminine Singular κεφαλή, ή the head, the source
- πάσης: Adjective (Attributive) Nominative Feminine Singular πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν of all
- ἀρχῆς: 1st declension noun Genitive (Descriptive / Reference) Feminine Singular ἀρχή, ἡ of all beginning, sources of power and authority, of every ruling power
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction linking two nouns and
- έξουσίας, : 1st declension noun Genitive (Descriptive / Reference) Feminine Singular έξουσία, ἡ of all authority, power
- 2.11
- έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere pronoun in
- δ : Relative Pronoun Locative (Sphere) Masculine Singular δς, ή, δ introducing a relative adjective dependent clause modifying αὐτῷ as pronoun antecedent in whom
- καί: Coordinate conjunction used adjunctively in adverbial role also
- περιετμήθητε : 1 Aorist (Culminative) Passive (Direct Impersonal Means) Indicative 2 Plural περιτέμνω you have been circumcised
- περιτομῆ : 1st declension noun Instrumental (Means) Feminine Singular περιτομή, ἡ with a circumcism
- ἀχειροποιήτω : Adjective (Attributive) Instrumental Feminine Singular ἀχειροποίητος, -ον not done with (human) hands
- έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere or possibly Instrumental of Means noun in, with/by
- τῆ ἀπεκδύσει : 3rd declension noun Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Means) Feminine Singular ἀπέκδυσις, -εως, ἡ in the putting off, removal, stripping away
- τοῦ σώματος : 3rd declension noun Genitive (Descriptive) Neuter Singular σῶμα, -ατος, τό of the body
- τῆς σαρκός, : 3rd Gentive (Descriptive) Feminine Singular σάρξ, σαρκός, ἡ of flesh, fleshly, physcial

- èv: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere or possibly Instrumental of Means noun in, with/by
- τῆ περιτομῆ : 1st declension noun Locative (Sphere) / *Instrumental (Means) Feminine Singular περιτομή, ἡ in, with the circumcism
- τοῦ Χριστοῦ, : Proper Name Genitive (Subjective) Masculine Singular Χριστός, ὁ of, from, that stems from Christ

2.12

- συνταφέντες : 2 Aorist (Constative) Passive (N.A.E. / Direct Impersonal Agency) Participle (Adverbial: Temporal) Nominative Masculine Plural συνθάπτω having been buried together
- αὐτῷ : Personal Pronoun Instrumental (Association) Masculine Singular αὐτός, -ή, -ό with him
- $\dot{\epsilon} v$: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere / Instrumental of Means noun in / with
- τῷ βαπτισμῷ, : 2nd declension noun Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Means) Masculine Singular βαπτισμός, ὁ in/with baptism
- ἐν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere pronoun in
- $\tilde{\phi}$: Relative Pronoun Locative (Sphere) Masculine Singular \tilde{o}_{ζ} , $\tilde{\eta}$, \tilde{o} in whom
- $\kappa\alpha$: Coordinate conjunction use adjunctively as a correlative adverb also
- συνηγέρθητε : 1 Aorist (Constative) Passive (Indirect Impersonal Agency) Indicative 2 Plural συνεγείρω you were raised together
- $\delta\iota\dot{\alpha}$: Preposition used with Ablative of Means noun through
- τῆς πίστεως : 3rd declension noun Ablative (Means) Feminine Singular πίστις, -εως, ἡ through faith
- τῆς ἐνεργείας : 1st declension noun Genitive (Objective) Feminine Singular ἐνεργεία, ἡ in the (operative) power
- τοῦ θεοῦ: 2nd declension noun Genitive (Possessive) Masculine Singular θεός, ὁ God's, of God
- τοῦ ἐγείραντος : 1 Aorist (Constative) Active Participle (Adjective: Attributive) Genitive Masculine Singular ἐγείρω who raised up
- αὐτὸν: Personal Pronoun Accusative (Direct Object) Masculine Singular αὐτός, -ή, -ό him
- ἐκ: Preposition used with Ablative of Source noun from, out of
- νεκρῶν: Adjective (Substantival) Ablative (Source) Masculine Plural νεκρός, -ή, -όν from the dead

2.13

καὶ: Coordinate conjunction linking two independent clauses - and

- ύμᾶς: Personal Pronoun Accusative (Direct Object) Plural σύ you
- νεκροὺς : Adjective (Predicate) Accusative (Predicate Object) Masculine Plural νεκρός, -ή, -όν dead
- ὄντας: Present (Descriptive) Participle (Adverbial: Concessive) Accusative Masculine Plural εἰμί although being
- έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere noun in
- τοῖς παραπτώμασιν : 3rd declension noun Locative (Sphere) Neuter Plural παράπτωμα, -ατος, τό in your trespasses, transgressions
- $\kappa\alpha$ i : Preposition used to link two noun objects of the preposition $\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ and
- τῆ ἀκροβυστία: 1st declension noun Locative (Sphere) Feminine Singular ἀκροβυστία, ἡ in the uncircumcism
- τῆς σαρκὸς : 3rd declension noun Genitive (Descriptive) Feminine Singular σάρξ, σαρκός, ἡ of your flesh
- ύμῶν, : Personal Pronoun Genitive (Possessive) Plural σύ your
- συνεζωοποίησεν : 1 Aorist (Constative) Active Indicative 3 Singular συζωοποιέω he made alive together
- ύμᾶς: Personal Pronoun Accusative (Direct Object) Plural σύ you
- σύν: Preposition used with Instrumental of Association pronoun with, together with
- αὐτῷ, : Personal Pronoun Instrumental (Association) Masculine Singular αὐτός, -ή, -ό with him
- χαρισάμενος: 1 Aorist (Culminative) Deponent Participle (Adverbial: Temporal) Nominative Masculine Singular γαρίζομαι after having forgiven, after having granted forgiveness to
- ἡμῖν: Personal Pronoun Dative (Indirect Object) Plural ἐγώ to us
- πάντα: Adjective (Predicate) Accusative Neuter Plural πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν all
- τὰ παραπτώματα. : 3rd declension noun Accusative (Direct Object) Neuter Plural παράπτωμα, -ατος, τό your trespasses, transgressions
- 2.14
- έξαλείψας: 1 Aorist (Constative) Active Participle (Adverbial: Temporal) Nominative Masculine Singular ἐξαλείφω after having wiped out, erased, canceled
- τὸ...χειρόγραφον : 2nd Accusative (Direct Object) Neuter Singular χειρόγραφον, τό the record of debts, the account

- $\kappa\alpha\theta$ ': Preposition used with Ablative of Opposition pronoun against
- ήμῶν: Personal Pronoun Ablative (Opposition) Plural ἐγώ against us
- τοῖς δόγμασιν : 3rd declension noun Locative (Sphere) Neuter Plural δόγμα, ατος, τό in the (divine) decrees, ordinances
- ö : Relative Pronoun Nominative (Subject) Neuter Singular ὄς, ἥ, ὄ- introducting a relative adjectival clause modifying χειρόγραφον which
- $\tilde{\eta}_{V}$: Imperfect (Descriptive) Indicative 3 Singular εἰμί which was
- ύπεναντίον : Adjective (Predicate) Nominative (Predicate) Neuter Singular ὑπεναντίος, -ία, -ον hostile, opposed
- ἡμῖν, : Personal Pronoun Dative (Reference) Plural ἐγώ to us
- καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two independent clauses and
- αὐτὸ: Personal Pronoun Accusative (Direct Object) Neuter Singular αὐτός, -ή, -ό it
- ἦρκεν : 1 Aorist (Constative) Active Indicative 3 Singular αἴρω he took (it) away
- $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa$: Preposition used with Ablative of Source substantival adjective from, out of
- τοῦ μέσου : Adjective (Substantive) Ablative (Source) Neuter Singular μέσος, -η, -ον from your midst
- προσηλώσας: 1 Aorist (Culminative/ Constative) Active Participle (Adverbial: Temporal) Nominative Masculine Singular - after having nailed, after nailing
- αὐτὸ: Personal Pronoun Accusative (Direct Object) Neuter Singular αὐτός, -ή, -ό it
- τῷ σταυρῷ· : 2nd declension noun Dative (Indirect Object) Masculine Singular σταυρός, ὁ to the cross
- 2.15
- άπεκδυσάμενος: 1 Aorist (Constative) Deponent Participle (Adverbial: Temporal) Nominative Masculine Singular ἀπεκδύομαι after having stripped off, disarmed, disabled
- τὰς ἀρχὰς: 1st declension noun Accusative (Direct Object) Femine Plural ἀρχή, ἡ the rulers, authorities
- καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two direct object nouns and
- τὰς ἐξουσίας: 1st declension noun Accusative (Direct Object) Femine Plural ἐξουσία, ἡ powers
- έδειγμάτισεν: 1 Aorist (Constative) Active Indicative 3 Singular δειγματίζω he made a show of, public spectacle of
- έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere / Instrumental of Manner noun with, in Colossians Greek Text Parsed: Page 32

- παρρησία,: 1st declension noun Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Manner) Feminine Singular παρρησία, ή in openness, openly, publicly
- θριαμβεύσας: 1 Aorist (Constative) Active Participle (Adverbial: Temporal/Modal) Nominative Masculine Singular θριαμβεύω having marched them in a public victory parade, having triumphed over
- αὐτοὺς: Personal Pronoun Accusative (Direct Object) Masculine Plural αὐτός, -ή, -ό them
- ἐν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere / Instrumental of Means noun in / through
- αὐτῷ.: Personal Pronoun Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Means) Masculine Singular - in / through it (i.e., the cross; antecedent of pronoun is τῷ σταυρῷ)
- 2.16
- Mn : Negative particle negating the subsequent verb not
- $o\tilde{\upsilon}v$: Postpositive coordinate conjunction of inference therefore, then
- τις: Indefinite Pronoun Nominative (Subject) Masculine Singular τις, τι anyone, someone
- ύμᾶς: Personal Pronoun Accusative (Direct Object) Plural σύ you
- κρινέτω: Present (Descriptive) Active Imperative (Permissive) 3 Singular κρίνω let no one judge, condemn
- έν: Preposition used with Instrumental of Manner / Locative of Sphere noun by, in
- βρώσει: 3rd Instrumental (Manner) / Locative (Sphere) Feminine Singular βρῶσις, -εως, ἡ by eating, food (by/in what you are eating)
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction used here to link two prepositional phrases and
- ev: Preposition used with Instrumental of Manner / Locative of Sphere noun by, in
- πόσει : 3rd Instrumental (Manner) / Locative (Sphere) Feminine Singular πόσις, -εως, ή by, in your drink (by/in what you are drinking)
- $\ddot{\eta}$: coordinate disjunctive conjunction linking two prepositional phrases in a contrastive either/or alternative or
- ἐν: Preposition used with a dative of reference noun in regard to
- μέρει : 3rd declension noun Dative (Reference) Neuter Singular μέρος, -ους, τό with regard to, [idiomatic use with preposition ἐν] (literally, in a part of)
- ἑορτῆς: 1st declension noun Genitive (Reference / Identity) Feminine Singular ἑορτή, ἡ a (religious) feast, festival

- η : coordinate disjunctive conjunction linking two nouns in a contrastive either/or alternative or
- νεομηνίας : 1st declension noun Genitive (Reference / Identity) Feminine Singular νεομηνία, ή concerning a new moon festival
- $\ddot{\eta}$: coordinate disjunctive conjunction linking two nouns in a contrastive either/or alternative or
- σαββάτων: 2nd declension noun Genitive (Reference / Identity) Neuter Plural σάββατον, τό concerning sabbaths

2.17

- $\ddot{\alpha}$: Relative Pronoun Nominative (Subject) Neuter Plural \ddot{o}_{ς} , $\ddot{\eta}$, \ddot{o} introducing a relative Substantival Appositional dependent clause serving to define the nature of the previous references as a collective group such things
- έστιν: Present (Descriptive) Indicative 3 Singular εἰμί such things are (instance of the neuter plural subject with a singular verb ending)
- σκιὰ: 1st declension noun Nominative (Predicate) Feminine Singular -σκιά, ἡ a shadow
- τῶν μελλόντων, : Present (Descriptive) Active Participle (Substantival: Modifier) Genitive (Descriptive) Neuter Plural μέλλω of coming things, of things about to happen
- τὸ σῶμα: 3rd declension noun Nominative (Apposition) Neuter Singular σῶμα, -ατος, τό the body
- δὲ: Postpositive coordinate conjunction introducing elliptical appositional statement to the above relative clause that is
- τοῦ Χριστοῦ.: Proper Name Genitive (Possession) Masculine Singular Χριστός, ὁ of Christ

2.18

- μηδεὶς : Negative Pronoun Nominative (Subject) Masculine Singular μηδείς, μηδεμία, μηδέν no one
- ύμᾶς: Personal Pronoun Accusative (Direct Object) Plural σύ you
- καταβραβευέτω: Present (Descriptive) Active Imperative (Permissive) 3 Singular καταβραβεύω let no one rob you (of a prize), cheat you
- θέλων : Present (Descriptive) Active Participle (Adverbial: Instrumental) Nominative Masculine Singular θέλω by insisting, by imposing his will
- έν: Preposition used with Instrumental of Manner noun with, by
- ταπεινοφροσύνη : 1st declension noun Instrumental (Manner) Feminine Singular ταπεινοφροσύνη, ή by / upon a (false) humility, self-abasement
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction linking two nouns and

- θρησκεία : 1st declension noun Instrumental (Manner) Feminine Singular θρησκεία, ἡ by / upon piety, outward religious expression, religion, devotion to (w. gen)
- τῶν ἀγγέλων, : 2nd declension noun Genitive (Objective) Masculine Plural ἄγγελος, ὁ to angels
- à: Relative Pronoun Accusative (Direct Object) Neuter Plural ὅς, ἥ, ὅ introducing a relative Substantival Object (of ptc) dependent clause serving to define the nature of the previous references as a collective group - such things that
- ἑόρακεν : Perfect (Intensive) Active Indicative 3 Singular ὁράω he has seen
- ἐμβατεύων,: Present (Descriptive) Active Participle (Adverbial: Instrumental) Nominative Masculine Singular ἐμβατεύω by entering into (NASB= "taking his stand on visions he has seen"; NRSV= "dwelling on visions")
- εἰκῆ: 2
- φυσιούμενος: Present (Participle) Passive (Direct Personal Agency) Participle (Adverbial: Instrumental) Nominative Masculine Singular φυσιόω by being puffed up
- ύπὸ: Preposition used with personal direct agency expression, here mind is personified by
- τοῦ νοὸς: 3rd declension noun Ablative (Agency) Masculine Singular νοῦς, νοός, ὁ by thinking patterns, his mind
- τῆς σαρκὸς: 3rd Genitive (Descriptive) Feminine Singular σάρξ, σαρκός, ἡ fleshly, of his flesh, old nature
- αὐτοῦ,: Personal Pronoun Genitive (Possession) Masculine Singular αὐτός, -ή, -ό his
- 2.19
- καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two participles together and
- ού: Negative particle negating the following participle no
- κρατῶν: Present (Participle) Active Participle (Adverbial: Instrumental) Nominative Masculine Singular κρατέω by not holding fast to, taking hold of
- τὴν κεφαλήν,: 1st declension noun Accusative (Direct Object) Feminine Singular κεφαλή, ἡ the head
- έξ: Preposition used with Ablative of Source noun out of, from
- οὖ: Relative Pronoun Ablative (Source) Masculine Singular ὄς, ἥ, ὄ introducing a relative adjectival dependent clause modifying κεφαλήν out of whom
 - [the gender disconnect between the pronoun and its antecedent appears to be due to the personification of $\kappa\epsilon\phi\alpha\lambda\eta\nu$ which goes back to the masculine $X\rho\iota\sigma\tau\delta\varsigma$]
- $\pi \tilde{\alpha} v$: Adjective (Predicate) Nominative Neuter Singular $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \varsigma$, $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \sigma \alpha$, $\pi \tilde{\alpha} v$ all, entire

- τὸ σῶμα: 3rd declension noun Nominative (Subject) Neuter Singular σῶμα, -ατος, τό the entire body
- διὰ: Preposition used with two Ablative of Means nouns through, by [Prepositional phrase modifies the verb αὕξει below]
- τῶν ἀφῶν: 1st declension noun Ablative (Means) Feminine Plural ἀφή, ἡ through the joints, ligaments
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction used to link two nouns and
- συνδέσμων: 2nd declension noun Ablative (Means) Masculine Plural συνδέσμος, ὁ and through the ligaments (that which binds together)
- ἐπιχορηγούμενον: Present (Descriptive) Passive (Indirect Impersonal Agency) Participle (Adverbial: Modal) Nominative Neuter Singular ἐπιχορηγέω being supplied, nourished
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction used to link two participle and
- συμβιβαζόμενον: Present (Descriptive) Passive (Indirect Impersonal Agency) Participle (Adverbial: Modal) Nominative Neuter Singular συμβιβάζω being held together, knitted together
- αὔξει: Present (Descriptive / Gnomic) Active Indicative 3 Singular αὐξάνω the entire body grows, is growing
- τὴν αὕξησιν: 3rd declension noun Accusative (Direct Object [Cognate]) Feminine Singular αὕξησις, -εως, ἡ the growth, increase
- τοῦ θεοῦ.: 2nd declension noun Genitive (Subjective) Masculine Singular θεός, ὁ that God desires 2·20
- Ei: Subordinate conjunction introducing a conjunctory adverbial first class conditional apodosis (dependent) clause if, *since
- ἀπεθάνετε: 2 Aorist (Const) Active Indicative (Potential) 2 Plural ἀποθνήσκω you died
- σὺν: Preposition used with Intrumental of Association noun with
- Χριστῷ: Proper Name Instrumental (Association) Masculine Singular Χριστός, ὁ with Christ
- $\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{\alpha}$: Preposition used with Ablative of Separation noun from, away from
- τῶν στοιχείων: 2nd declension noun Ablative (Separation) Neuter Plural στοιχεῖον, τό from the (basic) elements [NASB: the elementary principles of the world; NRSV: the elemental spirits of the universe]
- τοῦ κόσμου,: 2nd declension noun Genitive (Possession) Masculine Singular κόσμος, ὁ belonging to the world
- τί: Interrogative Adverb why

- ώς: Adverbial particle introducing modal participle as
- ζῶντες: Present (Descriptive) Active Participle (Adverbial: Modal) Nominative Masculine Plural - as living
- ἐν: Preposition used with Locative of Place / Sphere noun in
- κόσμω: 2nd declension noun Locative (Place / Sphere) Masculine Singular κόσμος, ὁ in the world
- δογματίζεσθε: Present (Descriptive) Middle (Reflexive) / Passive (Permissive) Indicative 2 Plural you submit yourselves to rules and regulations / you allow yourselves to become obedient to rules and regulations (literally: you dogmatize yourselves)

- Mη: Negative particle negating the following verb not
- ἄψη: 1 Aorist (Constative / Ingressive) Middle (Intensive) Subjunctive (Prohibitive) 2 Singular ἄπτω don't touch, grab hold of / don't try to touch, grab hold of
- μηδὲ: Negative coordinate conjunction (μή + δέ) linking two verbs neither, or
- γεύση: 1 Aorist (Constative / Ingressive) Deponent Subjunctive (Prohibitive) 2 Singular γεύομαι don't taste / don't try to taste
- μηδὲ: Negative coordinate conjunction (μή + δε) linking two verbs neither, or
- θίγης,: 2 Aorist (Constative / Ingressive) Active Subjunctive (Prohibitive) 2 Singular θιγγάνω don't touch

- $\ddot{\alpha}$: Relative Pronoun Nominative (Subject) Neuter Plural \ddot{o}_{ς} , $\ddot{\eta}$, \ddot{o} introducing a relative Substantival Appositional dependent clause serving to define the nature of the previous references as a collective group such things
- έστιν: Present (Descriptive) Indicative 3 Singular εἰμί such things are [Instance of the neuter plural subject using a third singular verb ending]
- πάντα: Adjective (Predicate) Nominative (Predicate) Neuter Singular $\pi\tilde{\alpha}$ ς, $\pi\tilde{\alpha}$ σα, $\pi\tilde{\alpha}$ ν, are all the things (destined for)
- είς: Preposition used with Accusative of Purpose noun for
- φθορὰν: 1st declension noun Accusative (Purpose) Feminine Singular φθορά, ἡ for corruption, ruin
- τῆ ἀποχρήσει: 3rd declension noun Instrumental (Manner) Feminine Singular ἀπόχρησις, -εως, ἡ with use, in being used up

- κατὰ: Preposition used with Accusative of Reference noun in regard to, according to
- τὰ ἐντάλματα: 3rd declension noun Accusative (Reference) Neuter Plural ἔνταλμα, -τος, τό- according to the commandments, rules, regulations
- καί: Coordinate conjunction used to link two nouns together and
- διδασκαλίας: 1st declension noun Accusative (Reference) Feminine Plural διδασκαλία, ή according to the teachings
- τῶν ἀνθρώπων,: 2nd declension noun Genitive (Possession) Masculine Plural ἄνθρωπος, ὁ of men, human
- 2.23
- ἄτινά: Qualitative Relative Pronoun Nominative (Subject) Neuter Plural ὅστις, ἥτις, ὅτι introducing a relative Substantival Appositional dependent clause serving to define the nature of the previous references as a collective group such things
- ἐστιν: Present (Descriptive) Indicative 3 Singular εἰμί such things are [Instance of the neuter plural subject using a third singular verb ending]
- λόγον: 2nd declension noun Nominative (Predicate) Masculine Singular λόγος, ὁ a (orally spoken) message, a word, a doctrine
- μὲν: Particle of emphasis indeed
- ἔχοντα: Present (Descriptive) Active Participle (Adverbal: Modal) Nominative Masculine Singular ἔχω possessing, having
- σοφίας: 1st declension noun Ablative (Partitive) / Genitive (Reference) Feminine Singular σοφία, ἡ (a form) of wisdom, insight
- έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere / Instrumental of Manner nouns in / with
- ἐθελοθρησκίᾳ: 1st declension noun Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Manner) Feminine Singular ἐθελοθρησκία, ἡ in / with willed worship, (NASB: in self-made religion; NRSV: in promoting self-imposed piety)
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction used to link two nouns and
- ταπεινοφροσύνη· : 1st declension noun Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Manner) Feminine Singular ταπεινοφροσύνη, ή in / with (false) humility, lowliness of mind (NASB: self-abasement; NRSV: humility)
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction used to link two nouns and
- άφειδία: 1st declension noun Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Manner) Feminine Singular ἀφειδία, ή in / with unsparing treatment, severe abuse (NASB: severe treatment of the body; NRSV: severe treatment of the body)

- σώματος, : 3rd declension noun Genitive (Objective) Neuter Singular σῶμα, -ατος, τό of the body
- οὐκ: Negative particle used in elliptical construction implying the ἄτινά ἐστιν λόγον relative clause not
- έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere / Instrumental of Manner nouns in / with
- τιμ $\tilde{\eta}$: 1st declension noun Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Manner) Feminine Singular τιμ $\tilde{\eta}$, $\dot{\eta}$ in / with respect of, in regard to
- τινι: Indefinite Pronoun (used as attributive modifier) Locative / Instrumental Feminine Singular τ ις, τ ι special, particular
- πρὸς: Preposition used with Accusative of Reference / Measure noun toward, concerning, regarding
- πλησμονὴν: 1st declension noun Accusative (Reference / Measure) Feminine Singular πλησμονή, ἡ toward the indulgence, satisfaction, gratification
- τῆς σαρκός.: 3rd declension noun Genitive (Objective) Feminine Singular σάρξ, σαρκός, $\dot{\eta}$ of the flesh, of the fleshly nature

- Ei: Subordinate conjunction introducing a conjunctory adverbial first class conditional apodosis (dependent) clause if, *since
- οὖν: Postpositive coordinate conjunction of inference then, therefore
- συνηγέρθητε: 1 Aorist (Culminative / Constative) Passive (N.A.E.) Indicative (Potential) 2 Plural συνεγείρω since you have been / were raised up, resurrected together with
- τῷ Χριστῷ,: 2nd declension noun Instrumental (Association) Masculine Singular Χριστός, ὁ with Christ
- τὰ ἄνω: Adverb (Substantival use) Accusative (Direct Object) Neuter Plural ἄνω the things above
- ζητεῖτε,: Present (Descriptive) Active Imperative (Command) 2 Plural ζητέω seek, keep on seeking
- $o\tilde{\upsilon}$: Adverb of place where
- ο Χριστός: 2nd declension noun Nominative (Subject) Masculine Singular Χριστός, ὁ Christ
- ἐστιν: Present (Descriptive / Gnomic) Indicative 3 Singular εἰμί Christ is, exists
- έν: Preposition used with Locative of Place / Sphere noun (located) at
- δεξιᾶ : Adjective (Substantival) Locative (Place / Sphere) Feminine Singular δέξιος, -ία, -ιον at the right hand (an ellipsis for ἐν δεξιᾶ χειρί)
- τοῦ θεοῦ: 2nd declension noun Genitive (Possession) Masculine Singular θεός, ὁ of God

ὁ Χριστὸς: Proper Name - Nominative (Subject) - Masculine - Singular - Χριστός, ὁ - Christ

φανερωθῆ,: 1 Aorist (Constative) - Passive (N.A.E.) - Subjunctive (Potential) - 3- Singular - φανερόω - he may be revealed,

ή ζωὴ: 1st declension noun - Nominative (Subject) - Feminine - Singular - ζωή, ή - your life ὑμῶν,: Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possessive) - Plural - σύ - your τότε: Temporal adverb - then, at that time καί: Coordinate conjunction used as correlative adverb - also ύμεῖς: Personal Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - Plural - σύ - you σύν: Preposition used with Instrumental of Association noun - with, together with αὐτῶ: Personal Pronoun - Instrumental (Association) - Masculine - Singular - αὐτός, -ή, -ό - with him φανερωθήσεσθε: Future (Predictive) - Passive (N.A.E.) - Indicative - 2 - Plural - φανερόω - you will be revealed, manifested έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere noun - in δόξη.: 1st declension noun - Locative (Sphere) - Feminine - Singular - δόξα, ή - in glory 3.5 Νεκρώσατε: 1 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Imperative (Command) - 2 - Plural - νεκρόω- put to death οὖν: Postpositive coordinate conjunction of inference - therefore, then τὰ μέλη: 3rd declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Neuter - Plural - μέλος, -ους, τό - your members τὰ: Article used to indicate adjectival modifying role for the following prepositional phrase linking it back to μέλη ἐπὶ: Preposition used with Genitive of Place noun - upon, on τῆς γῆς,: 1st declension noun - Genitive (Place) - Feminine - Singular - γή, ή - upon the earth πορνείαν: 1st declension noun - Accusative (Apposition) - Feminine - Singular - πορνεία, ή - evil, immorality ἀκαθαρσίαν: 1st declension noun - Accusative (Apposition) - Feminine - Singular - ἀκαθαρσία, ἡ uncleanness πάθος: 3rd declension noun - Accusative (Apposition) - Neuter - Singular - πάθος, -ους, τό - passion ἐπιθυμίαν: 1st declension noun - Accusative (Apposition) - Feminine - Singular - ἐπιθυμία, ἡ - desire κακήν,: Adjective (Attributive) - Accusative - Feminine - Singular - κακός, -ή, -όν - evil, wrong, bad

καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two nouns - and

- τὴν πλεονεξίαν,: 1st declension noun Accusative (Apposition) Feminine Singular πλεονεξία, ἡ greed, covetousness
- ἥτις: Relative Pronoun Nominative (Subject) Feminine Singular ὅστις, ἥτις, ὅτι introducing a relative adjectival modifying dependent clause which
- ἐστὶν: Present (Descriptive / Gnomic) Indicative 3 Singular εἰμί which is
- εἰδωλολατρία,: 1st declension noun Nominative (Predicate) Feminine Singular εἰδωλολατρία, ἡ idolatry

- δι': Preposition used with Accusative of Cause pronoun because of [these things]
- α: Relative Pronoun Accusative (Cause) Neuter Plural ὅς, ἥ, ὅ introducing a relative attributive adjectival dependent clause, via the neuter plural form referring back to the preceding vice list because of these [lit., which] things
- ἔρχεται: Present (Gnomic) Deponent Indicative (Potential) 3 Singular ἔρχομαι it comes, is coming
- ἡ ὀργὴ: 1st declension noun Nominative (Subject) Feminine Singular ὀργή, ἡ the wrath
- τοῦ θεοῦ: 2nd declension noun Genitive (Possessive) Masculine Singular θεός, ὁ of God
- ἐπὶ: Preposition used with Accusative of Measure / Reference noun upon
- τοὺς υἱοὺς: 2nd declension noun Accusative (Measure / Reference) Masculine Plural υἱός, ὁ the sons
- τῆς ἀπειθείας.: 1st delin Genitive (Relationship) Feminine Singular ἀπειθεία, ἡ of disobedience 3·7
- έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere pronoun in, among [distributive mng.] (whom)
- οἶς: Relative Pronoun Locative (Sphere) Masculine Plural ὄς, ἥ, ὄ introducing a relative attributive adjectival dependent clause, via the masculine plural form referring back to τοὺς υἱοὺς among whom
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction used adjunctively as a correlative adverb here also
- ύμεῖς: Personal Pronoun Nominative (Subject) Plural σύ you
- περιεπατήσατέ: 1 Aorist (Constative) Active Indicative 2 Plural περιπατέω you walked (=conducted your life)
- ποτε.: Temporal adverb referring to past event in time once, then, at that time
- ὄτε: Subordinate conjunction used to introduce a conjunctory adverbial temporal dependent clause -

when

- ἐζῆτε: Imperfect (Descriptive) Active Indicative 2 Plural ζάω you were living
- ἐν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere / Instrumental of Manner pronoun in / with
- τούτοις:: Demonstrative Pronoun Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Manner) Neuter Plural οὖτος, αὕτη, τοῦτο in / by these things

3.8

- νυνί: Temporal adverb referring to present time now
- δὲ: Postpositive coordinate conjunction introducing a contrastive statement but
- ἀπόθεσθε: 2 Aorist (Constative / Culminative) Middle (Intensive / Reflexive) 2 Plural ἀποθνήσκω you put to death / have put to death (for yourselves)
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction here used ascensively as an adverb indeed
- ύμεῖς: Personal Pronoun Nominative (Subject) Plural σύ you
- τὰ πάντα,: Adjective (Substantival) Accusative (Direct Object) Neuter Plural πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν all (these) things
- ὀργήν,: 1st declension noun Accusative (Apposition) Feminine Singular ὀργή, ἡ wrath
- θυμόν,: 2nd declension noun Accusative (Apposition) Masculine Singular θυμός, ὁ anger
- κακίαν,: 1st declension noun Accusative (Apposition) Feminine Singular κακία, ἡ evil, malice, wickedness
- βλασφημίαν,: 1st declension noun Accusative (Apposition) Feminine Singular βλασφημία, ή slander, blasphemy
- αἰσχρολογίαν: 1st declension noun Accusative (Apposition) Feminine Singular αἰσχρολογία, ἡ obscene speech, dirty talk
- ἐκ: Preposition used with Ablative of Source noun from, out of
- τοῦ στόματος: 3rd declension noun Ablative (Source) Neuter Singular στόμα, -ατος, τό out of your mouth
- ὑμῶν: Personal Pronoun Genitive (Possessive) Plural σύ your

- μη: Negative particle negating the following verb action no
- ψεύδεσθε: Present (Descriptive) Deponent Imperative (Prohibitive) 2 Plural ψεύδομαι stop lying

- είς: Preposition used with Accusative of Measure / Manner pronoun to
- ἀλλήλους,: Reciprocal Pronoun Accusative (Measure/Manner) Plural ἀλλήλων to one another
- ἀπεκδυσάμενοι: 1 Aorist (Constative/*Culminative) Deponent Participle (Adverbial: Causal) Nominative Masculine Plural ἀπεκδύομαι since you have stripped away, put off
- τὸν παλαιὸν: Adjective (Attributive) Accusative Masculine Singular παλαιός, -ία, -όν the old
- ἄνθρωπον: 2nd declension noun Accusative (Direct Object) Masculine Singular ἄνθρωπος, ὁ the old self, person
- σύν: Preposition used with Instrumental of Association noun together with, with, along with
- ταῖς πράξεσιν: 3rd declension noun Instrumental (Association) Feminine Plural πράξις, -εως, $\dot{\eta}$ its practices, deeds
- αὐτοῦ: Personal Pronoun Genitive (Possession) Masculine Singular αὐτός, -ή, -ό its [refers back to ἄνθρωπον]
- 3.10
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction linking two participles and
- ἐνδυσάμενοι: 1 Aorist (Constative/*Culminative) Middle (Reflexive) Participle (Adverbial: Causal) Nominative Masculine Plural ἐνδύω since you put on, clothed yourself with
- τὸν νέον: Adjective (Attributive) Accusative Masculine Singular νέος, -η, -ον the new (self; person since ἄνθρωπον is implied in the elliptical expression)
- τὸν ἀνακαινούμενον: Present (Descriptive) Passive (N.A.E.) Participle (Adjective: Attributive) Nominative Masculine Singular ἀνακαινόω which is being renewed, remade
- είς: Preposition used with Accusative of Measure noun into
- ἐπίγνωσιν: 3rd declension noun Accusative (Measure) Feminine Singular ἐπίγνωσις, -εως, ἡ into full understanding, knowledge
- $\kappa \alpha \tau$: Preposition used with Accusative of Reference noun in regard to, according to,
- εἰκόνα: 3rd declension noun Accusative (Reference) Feminine Singular εἰκών, -όνος, ἡ according to the image, likeness, form, appearance
- τοῦ κτίσαντος: 1 Aorist (Const) Active Participle (Adjective: Substantival) Genitive (Descriptive / Subjective) Masculine Singular κτίζω of the one who created
- αὐτόν,: Personal Pronoun Accusative (Direct Object) Masculine Singular αὐτός, -ή, -ό him
- 3.11
- ὄπου: Relative adverb introducing a relative adverbal local clause where

- οὖκ: Negative particle negating the following verbal expression no, not
- ἔνι: Present (Descriptive) Active Indicative 3 Singular ἔνειμι there is no
- "Ελλην: 3rd declension noun Nominative (Subject) Masculine Singular "Ελλην, -ηνος, ὁ a Greek
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction linking two independent clauses with the second being elliptical and (in a correlative relation with οὐκ thus creating the neither...nor expression)
- Ἰουδαῖος,: Adjective (Substantival) Nominative (Subject) Masculine Singular Ἰουδαῖος, -ία, -ον or a Jew
- περιτομὴ: 1st declension noun Nominative (Subject / Apposition [thus linked to Ἰουδαῖος in a chiastic ABB'A' pattern]) Feminine Singular περιτομή, ή circumcism
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction linking two independent clauses with the second being elliptical and (in a correlative relation with implicit οὐκ thus creating the neither...nor expression)
- ἀκροβυστία,: 1st declension noun Nominative (Subject / Apposition [thus linked to Ἑλλην in a chiastic ABB'A' pattern]) Feminine Singular ἀκροβυστία, ἡ uncircumcism
- βάρβαρος,: Adjective (Substantival) Nominative (Subject) Masculine Singular βάρβαρος, -ον barbarian, uncivilized
- Σκύθης,: 1st declension noun Nominative (Subject) Masculine Singular Σκύθης, \dot{o} Scythian (regarded by Romans as absolutely the most ignorant people alive)
- δοῦλος,: 2nd declension noun Nominative (Subject) Masculine Singular δοῦλος, \dot{o} slave
- έλεύθερος,: Adjective (Substantival) Nominative (Subject) Masculine Singular ἐλεύθερος,, -α, -ον freed man
- ἀλλὰ: Coordinate conjunction introducing independent clause of strong contrast but
- τὰ πάντα: Adjective (Substantival) Nominative (Predicate) Neuter Plural πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν all things
- και: Coordinate conjunction linking the predicate nominative with the following prepositional phrase and
- έν: Presposition used with Locative of Sphere substantival adjective in
- $\pi\tilde{\alpha}\sigma\iota\nu$: Adjective (Substantival) Locative (Sphere) Neuter Plural $\pi\tilde{\alpha}\varsigma$, $\pi\tilde{\alpha}\sigma\alpha$, $\pi\tilde{\alpha}\nu$ in all things
- Χριστός.: Proper Name Nominative (Subject) Masculine Singular Χριστός, ὁ Christ (with implicit verb is)
- 3.12
- Ἐνδύσασθε: 1 Aorist (Constative / Ingressive) Middle (Reflexive) Imperative (Command) 2 Plural ἐνδύω get clothed, cloth yourselves, get dressed
- οὖν,: Postpositive coordinate conjunction of inference therefore, then

- ώς: Adverbial particle of manner as
- ἐκλεκτοὶ: Adjective (Substantival) Nominative (Predicate) Masculine Plural ἐκλεκτός, -ή, -όν the chosen, the elect
- τοῦ θεοῦ,: 2nd declension noun Genitive (Possessive) Masculine Singular θεός, \dot{o} of God, God's
- ἄγιοι: Adjective (Substantival) Nominative (Predicate) Masculine Plural ἄγιος, -ία, -όν saints, holy ones
- καί: Coordinate conjunction linking a string of substantives together and
- ήγαπημένοι,: Perfect (Intensive) Passive Participle (Adjective: Substantival) Nominative (Predicate) Masculine Plural ἀγαπάω beloved ones, people whom God loves
- σπλάγχνα: 2nd declension noun Accusative (Direct Object) Neuter Plural σπλάγχνον, τό bowels; fig. mercy, compassion, affection
- οἰκτιρμοῦ: 2nd declension noun Genitive (Descriptive) Masculine Singular οἰκτιρμός, ὁ of compassion
- χρηστότητα: 3rd declension noun Accusative (Direct Object) Feminine Singular χρηστότης, -ητος, ή kindness, goodness
- ταπεινοφροσύνην: 1st declension noun Accusative (Direct Object) Feminine Singular ταπεινοφροσύνη, ή humility, lowliness of mind
- πραΰτητα: 3rd declension noun Accusative (Direct Object) Feminine Singular πραΰτης, -ητος, ή meekness, gentleness, courtesy
- μακροθυμίαν,: 1st declension noun Accusative (Direct Object) Feminine Singular μακροθυμία, ή perseverence, steadfastness, patience
- 3.13
- ἀνεχόμενοι: Present (Descriptive) Deponent Participle (Adverbial: Temporal / Modal) Nominative Masculine Plural ἀνέχομαι while being patience with, enduring
- άλλήλων: Recriprocal Pronoun Genitive (Direct Object) Masculine Plural άλλήλων one another
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction linking two participles and
- χαριζόμενοι: Present (Descriptive) Deponent Participle (Adverbial: Temporal / Modal) Nominative Masculine Plural χαρίζομαι while forgiving, giving freely to
- έαυτοῖς: Reflexive Pronoun Dative (Direct Object) Masculine Plural ἑαυτοῦ, -ῆς, -οῦ, -- each other
- ἐάν: Subordinate conjunction introducing third class conditional protasis as a conjunctory adverbial conditional dependent clause if

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τις: Indefinite Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - Masculine - Singular - τις, τι - someone, anyone πρός: Preposition used with Accusative of Relationship (Disadvantage) noun - against, toward τινα: Indefinite Pronoun - Accusative (Relationship) - Masculine - Singular - τις, τι - against someone, anyone
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ἔχη: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Subjunctive (Potential) - 3 - Singular - ἔχω - someone may have, possess

μομφήν·: 1st declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Feminine - Singular - μομφή, ἡ - blame, complaint

καθὸς: Subordinate conjunction introducing a conjunctory adverbial comparative dependent clause - as, just as

 $\kappa\alpha$: Coordinate conjunction here used adjunctively as correlative adverb - also

ὁ κύριος: 2nd declension noun - Nominative (Subject) - Masculine - Singular - κύριος, ὁ - the Lord

έχαρίσατο: 1 Aorist (Constative) - Deponent - Indicative - 3 - Singular - χαρίζομαι - he forgave

ὑμῖν,: Personal Pronoun - Dative (Direct Object) - Plural - σύ - you

οὕτως: Correlative adverb of degree - so, thusly

καί: Coordinate conjunction here used adjunctively as correlative adverb - also

ὑμεῖς: Personal Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - Plural - σύ - you [should forgive]

3.14

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\imath}$: Preposition used with Dative of Reference noun - on the basis, in regard to, concerning

 $π\tilde{\alpha}$ σιν: Adjective (Predicate) - Dative - Neuter - Plural - $π\tilde{\alpha}$ ς, $π\tilde{\alpha}$ σα, $π\tilde{\alpha}$ ν - concerning all (these things)

δὲ: Postpositive coordinate conjunction introducing independent clause with slight contrast - but, and

τούτοις: Demonstrative Pronoun - Dative (Reference) - Neuter - Plural - οὖτος, αύτη, τοῦτο - concerning all these things

τὴν ἀγάπην,: 1st declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Feminine - Singular - ἀγάπη, ἡ - love (use love in all these things)

ő: Relative Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - Neuter - Singular - ὅς, ἥ, ὅ - introducing a dependent relative substantival appositional clause, defining the preceding concept rather than a single word - which

έστιν: Present (Descriptive) - Indicative - 3 - Singular - εἰμί - which is

σύνδεσμος: 2nd declension noun - Nominative (Predicate) - Masculine - Singular - σύνδεσμος, ὁ - a bond Colossians Greek Text Parsed: Page 47

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τῆς τελειότητος.: 3rd declension noun - Genitive (Reference) - Feminine - Singular - τελειότης, -ητος, ή -
       of maturity, completeness
3.15
καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two independent clauses together - and
ή εἰρήνη: 1st declension noun - Nominative (Subject) - Feminine - Singular - εἰρήνη, ἡ - the peace
τοῦ Χριστοῦ: Proper Name - Genitive (Subjective) - Masculine - Singular - Χριστός, ὁ - (that comes)
       from Christ
βραβευέτω: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Imperative (Permissive) - 3 - Singular - βραβεύω - let it rule,
       be the judge
έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere noun - in
ταῖς καρδίαις: 1st declension noun - Locative (Sphere) - Feminine - Plural - καρδία, ή - in your hearts
ύμῶν,: Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possessive) - Plural - σύ - your
είς: Preposition used with Accusative of Measure pronoun - to
ην: Relative Pronoun - Accusative (Measure) - Feminine - Singular - ις, η, ις - to which
και: Coordinate conjunction here used adjunctively as correlative adverb - also
ἐκλήθητε: 1 Aorist (Constative) - Passive (N.A.E.) - Indicative - 2 - Plural - καλέω - you were called
έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere noun - in
ένὶ: Adjective (Attributive) - Locative - Neuter - Singular - εἶς, μία, ἔν - in one (body)
σώματι: 3rd declension noun - Locative (Sphere) - Neuter - Singular - σῶμα, -ατος, τό - in one body
καί: Coordinate conjunction here linking two independent clauses - and
εὐχάριστοι: Adjective (Predicate) - Nominative (Predicate) - Masculine - Plural - εὐχάριστος, -ον - thank-
       ful
γίνεσθε.: Present (Descriptive) - Deponent - Imperative (Command) - 2 - Plural - γίνομαι - become
3.16
ὁ λόγος: 2nd declension noun - Nominative (Subject) - Masculine - Singular - λόγος, ὁ - the Word
τοῦ Χριστοῦ: Proper Name - Genitive (Possessive) - Masculine - Singular - Χριστός, ὁ - of Christ,
       Christ's
ἐνοικείτω: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Imperative (Permissive) - 3 - Singular - ἐνοικέω - let it dwell,
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- ἐν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere / Place (Distributive) pronoun in, among
- ύμῖν: Personal Pronoun Locative (Sphere/ Place) Plural σύ in / among you
- πλουσίως,: Adverb of degree richly, abundantly
- ev: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere / Instrumental of Manner noun in, with
- πάση: Adjective (Attributive) Locative / Instrumental Feminine Singular $\pi\tilde{\alpha}$ ς, $\pi\tilde{\alpha}$ σα, $\pi\tilde{\alpha}$ ν in/with all, complete (wisdom)
- σοφία: 1st declension noun Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Manner) Feminine Singular σοφία, ή in/with all wisdom
- διδάσκοντες: Present (Descriptive) Active Participle (Adverbial: Manner) Nominative Masculine Plural διδάσκω as you teach
- καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two participles and
- νουθετοῦντες: Present (Descriptive) Active Participle (Adverbal: Modal) Nominative Masculine Plural νουθετέω as you admonish, exhort
- έαυτοὺς,: Reflexive Pronoun Accusative (Direct Object) Masculine Plural ἑαυτοῦ, -ῆς, -οῦ each other
- ψαλμοῖς: 2nd declension noun Instrumental (Means) Masculine Plural ψαλμός, ὁ with psalms
- ὕμνοις: 2nd declension noun Instrumental (Means) Masculine Plural ὕμνος, ὁ with songs
- $\dot{\phi}$ δαῖς: 1st declension noun Instrumental (Means) Feminine Plural $\dot{\phi}$ δή, $\dot{\eta}$ with songs, odes
- πνευματικαῖς: Adjective (Attributive) Instrumental Feminine Plural πνευματικός, -ή, -όν with spiritual (songs)
- έν: Preposition used with Instrumental of Manner noun with
- τῆ χάριτι: 3rd declension noun Instrumental (Manner) Feminine Singular χάρις, -ιτος, ἡ with grace, praise
- ἄδοντες: Present (Descriptive) Active Participle (Adverbial: Modal) Nominative Masculine Plural ἄδω singing
- έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere in
- ταῖς καρδίαις: 1st declension noun Locative (Sphere) Feminine Plural καρδία, ἡ in your hearts
- ὑμῶν: Personal Pronoun Genitive (Possessive) Plural σύ your
- τῷ θεῷ·: 2nd declension noun Dative (Indirect Object) Masculine Singular θεός, \dot{o} to God

- καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two independent clauses and
- $\pi \tilde{\alpha} v$: Adjective (Predicate) Accusative Neuter Singular $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \varsigma$, $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \sigma \alpha \pi \tilde{\alpha} v$ all, everything
- ὄτι: Indefinite Relative Pronoun Accusative (Direct Object) Neuter Singular ὅστις, ἥτις, ὅτι -introducing a dependent relative substantival appositional clause standing as the antecedent to πάντα that
- ἐὰν: Here used as a particle of indefiniteness linked to ὅτι "all that you may do"; "whatever you may do"
- ποιῆτε: Present (Descriptive) Active Subjunctive (Potential) 2 Plural ποιέω you may do
- έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere / Instrumental of Manner noun in
- λόγω: 2nd declension noun Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Manner) Masculine Singular λόγος, ὁ in word, in what you say
- η: Disjunctive coordinate conjunction linking two prepositional phrases or
- ἐν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere / Instrumental of Manner noun in
- ἔργῳ,: 2nd declension noun Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Manner) Neuter Singular ἔργον, τό in deed, in what you do
- πάντα: Adjective (Substantival) Accusative (Direct Object) Neuter Plural $\pi\tilde{\alpha}\varsigma$, $\pi\tilde{\alpha}\sigma\alpha$ $\pi\tilde{\alpha}\nu$ all things [implicit form of imperative of π οιέω as the main clause verb]
- ev: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere / Instrumental of Manner noun in
- ονόματι: 3rd declension noun Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Manner) Neuter Singular ὄνομα, ατος, τό in the name
- κυρίου: 2nd declension noun Genitive (Descriptive) Masculine Singular κύριος, ὁ of the Lord
- Ἰησοῦ,: Proper Name Genitive (Descriptive) Masculine Singular Ἰησοῦς, ὁ of Jesus
- εὐχαριστοῦντες: Present (Descriptive) Active Participle (Adverbial: Modal) Nominative Masculine Plural εὐχαριστέω giving thanks, thanking
- τῷ θεῷ: 2nd declension noun Dative (Direct Object) Masculine Singular θεός, \dot{o} to God,
- πατρὶ: 3rd declension noun Dative (Apposition) Masculine Singular πατήρ, πατρός, ὁ (to) the Father
- $\delta\iota$ ': Preposition used with Ablative of Agency through
- αὐτοῦ.: Personal Pronoun Ablative (Agency) Masculine Singular αὐτός, -ή, -ό through him

Ai γυναῖκες,: 3rd declension noun - Vocative - Feminine - Plural - γυνή, γυναικός, ή - Wives

ὑποτάσσεσθε: Present (Descriptive) - Middle (Reflexive) - Imperative - 2 - Plural - ὑποτάσσω - submit yourselves to, show respect for

τοῖς ἀνδράσιν: 3rd declension noun - Dative (Direct Object) - Masculine - Plural - ἀνῆρ, ἀνδρός, ὁ - to your husbands

ώς: Subordinate conjunction used here to introduce a conjunctory adverbial comparative dependent clause - as, to the extent that

ἀνῆκεν: Impersonal verb used in the NT in a fixed form with spelling variations - it is pleasing, it befits, it is proper

έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere noun - in

κυρίφ.: 2nd declension noun - Locative (Sphere) - Masculine - Singular - κύριος, ὁ - in the Lord

Οἱ ἄνδρες,: 3rd declension noun - Vocative - Mascupline -Plural - ἀνήρ, ἀνδρός, ὁ - Husbands

ἀγαπᾶτε: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Imperative (Command) - 2 - Plural - ἀγαπάω - Iove, be loving

τὰς γυναῖκας: 3rd declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Feminine - Plural - γυνή, γυναικός, ἡ - your wives

καί: coordinate conjunction linking two independent clauses together - and

μη: Negative particle negating the verbal action

πικραίνεσθε: Present (Descriptive) - Middle (Intensive) / *Passive (Causal) - Imperative (Prohibitive) - 2 - Plural - πικραίνω - do not embitter / do not become embittered

πρὸς: Preposition used with Accusative of Measure pronoun - toward, against

αὐτάς.: Personal Pronoun - Accusative (Measure) - Feminine - Plural - αὐτός, - ή, - \acute{o} - toward, against them

3.20

Τὰ τέκνα,: 2nd declension noun - Vocative - Neuter - Plural - τέκνον, τό - children

ύπακούετε: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Imperative (Command) - 2 - Plural - ὑπακούω - be obedient to, obey

τοῖς γονεῦσιν: 3rd declension noun - Dative (Direct Object) - Masculine - Plural - γονεύς, -έως, ὁ - your parents

κατά: Preposition used with Accusative of Reference pronoun - regarding, in regard to

πάντα,: Adjective (Substantival) - Accusative (Reference) - Neuter - Plural - $π\tilde{\alpha}$ ς, $π\tilde{\alpha}\sigma\alpha$, $π\tilde{\alpha}\nu$ - regarding all things

τοῦτο: Demonstrative Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - Neuter - Singular - οὖτος, αὕτη, τοῦτο - this

 $\gamma \dot{\alpha} \rho$: Postpositive coordinate conjunction introducing causal statement - for

εὐάρεστόν: Adjective (Predicate) - Nominative (Predicate) - Neuter - Singular - εὐάρεστος, -ον - well pleasing, acceptable

ἐστιν: Present (Descriptive) - Indicative - 3 - Singular - εἰμί - it is

έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere noun - in

κυρίφ.: 2nd declension noun - Locative (Sphere) - Masculine - Singular - κύριος, \dot{o} - in the Lord

3.21

Οἱ πατέρες,: 3rd declension noun - Vocative - Masculine - Plural - πατήρ, πατρός, ὁ - fathers

μή: Negative particle negating the verb action

έρεθίζετε: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Imperative (Prohibitive) - 2 - Plural - ἐρεθίζω - do not embitter, make resentful

τὰ τέκνα: 2nd declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Neuter - Plural - τέκνον, τό - your children

ύμῶν,: Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possession) - Plural - σύ - your

τνα: Subordinate conjunction introducing a conjunctory adverbial negative purpose (exceptive) dependent clause - lest, in order that not

μη: Negative particle negating the verb action and also defining the purpose clause as negative or exceptive - lest

ἀθυμῶσιν.: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Subjunctive (Potential) - 3 - Plural - ἀθυμέω - they may not loose their fire (lit.); not become disheartened, discouraged

3.22

Οἱ δοῦλοι,: 2nd declension noun - Vocative - Masculine - Plural - δοῦλος, ὁ - Slaves

ύπακούετε: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Imperative (Command) - 2 - Plural - ὑπακούω - be obedient to, obey

κατά: Preposition used with Accusative of Reference pronoun - regarding, in regard to

πάντα: Adjective (Substantival) - Accusative (Reference) - Neuter - Plural - πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν - regarding all

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things

- τοῖς...κυριοις,: 2nd declension noun Dative (Direct Object) Masculine Plural κύριος, ὁ your masters
- κατὰ: Preposition used with Accusative of Reference pronoun regarding, in regard to
- σάρκα: 3rd declension noun Accusative (Reference) Feminine Singular σάρξ, σαρκός, ἡ according to the flesh, human
- μή: Negative particle in ellipitical construction implying a participle form of ὑπακούω not obeying
- ėv: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere / *Instrumental of Manner noun in / with
- όφθαλμοδουλία: 1st declension noun Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Manner) Feminine Singular όφθαλμοδουλία, ἡ - in /with eyeservice, service rendered only with aim of impressing others (PR kind of service for image making)
- ώς: Used here as a preposition to introduce a comparative idea as, like [Could be understood as elliptical dependent relative adverbial comparative clause]
- ἀνθρωπάρεσκοι,: 2nd declension noun Nominative (Predicate) [Nominative (Subject)] Masculine Plural ἀνθρωπάρεσκος, ὁ as men pleasers, as those who do only what pleases others
- ἀλλ': Coordinate conjunction introducing elliptical independent clause with strong contrastive tone to the preceding independent clause [implying the core elements of the preceding clause: ὑπακούετε κατὰ πάντα τοῖς κατὰ σάρκα κυρίοις] but, on the other hand
- ev: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere / *Instrumental of Manner noun in / with
- ἀπλότητι: 3rd declension noun Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Manner) Feminine Singular ἀπλότης, -ητος, ἡ in /with sincerity, genuineness
- καρδίας: 1st declension noun Genitive (Descriptive) Feminine Singular καρδία, ή of heart
- φοβούμενοι: Present (Descriptive) Middle (Intensive) Participle (Adverbial: Modal) Nominative Masculine Plural φοβέω fearing, showing reverence to
- τὸν κύριον. : 2nd declension noun Accusative (Direct Object) Masculine Singular κύριος, ὁ the Lord

- \mathring{o} ἐἀν: Relative Pronoun (indefinite with the particle ἐάν) Accusative (Direct Object) Neuter Singular \mathring{o} ς, $\mathring{\eta}$, \mathring{o} introducing relative substantival object dependent clause whatever
- ποιῆτε,: Present (Descriptive) Active Subjunctive (Potential) 2 Plural ποιέω you may do
- ἐκ: Preposition used with Ablative of Source noun out of, from
- ψυχῆς: 1st declension noun Ablative (Source) Feminine Singular ψυχή, $\dot{\eta}$ from the soul, out of

sincerity

- ἐργάζεσθε: Present (Descriptive) Deponent Imperative (Command) 2 Plural ἐργάζομαι do, work
- ώς: Used here as a preposition to introduce a comparative idea as, like [Could be understood as elliptical dependent relative adverbial comparative clause]
- τῶ κυρίω: 2nd declension noun Dative (Indirect Object) Masculine Singular κύριος, ὁ to the Lord
- καί: Coordinate conjunction used to link two elliptical dependent clauses or two words and
- οὐκ: Negative negating the following word as verb object (for the unusual nature of the ellipsis here see Ardnt and Gingrich, p. 590 under oὐ 2.c.) not
- ἀνθρώποις,: 2nd declension noun Dative (Indirect Object) Masculine Singular ἄνθρωπος, ὁ to men, people

3.24

- εἰδότες: Perfect (Present) Active Participle (Adverbial: Causal) Nominative Masculine Plural οἶδα since you know
- ιτι: Subordinate conjunction introducing a conjunctory substantival object dependent clause that
- ἀπὸ: Preposition used with Ablative of Separation noun from
- κυρίου: 2nd declension noun Ablative (Separation) Masculine Singular κύριος, ὁ from the Lord
- ἀπολήμψεσθε: Future (Predictive) Deponent (2PP) Indicative 2 Plural ἀπολαμβάνω you will receive back
- τὴν ἀνταπόδοσιν: 3rd declension noun Accusative (Direct Object) Feminine Singular ἀνταπόδοσις, εως, ἡ the recompense, reward
- τῆς κληρονομίας.: 1st declension noun Genitive (Descriptive) Feminine Singular κληρονομία, ἡ of the inheritance
- τῶ κυρίω: 2nd declension noun Dative (Direct Object) Masculine Singular κύριος, ὁ the Lord
- Χριστῶ: Proper Name Dative (Direct Object) Masculine Singular Χριστός, ὁ Christ
- δουλεύετε: Present (Descriptive) Active Indicative / Imperative (Command) 2 Plural δουλεύω you are serving / serve

- ό...ἀδικῶν: Present (Descriptive) Active Participle (Adjective: Substantival) Nominative (Subject) Masculine Singular ἀδικέω the one doing harm, the one acting unjustly, the one doing evil, wrong
- $\gamma \grave{\alpha} \rho$: Postpositive coordinate conjunction introducing an independent causal clause for

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κομίσεται: Future (Predictive) - Middle (Intensive) - Indicative - 3 - Singular - κομίζω - he shall receive back, be paid back
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 δ : Relative Pronoun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Neuter - Singular - $\delta \varsigma$, η , δ - introducing a relative substantival object dependent clause - what

ηδίκησεν,: 1 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Indicative - 3 - Singular - ἀδικέω - he did wrong,

καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two independent clauses - and

οὖκ: Negative particle negating the verb idea - not, no

ἔστιν: Present (Descriptive) - Indicative - 3 - Singular - εἰμί - there is no

προσωπολημψία.: 1st declension noun - Nominative (Subject) - Feminine - Singular - προσωπολημψία, ή - partiality, discrimination, prejudice, favoritism

4.1

Οἱ κύριοι,: 2nd declension noun - Vocative - Masculine - Plural - κύριος, ὁ - Masters

τὸ δίκαιον: Adjective (Substantival) - Accusative (Direct Object) - Neuter - Singular - δίκαιος, -η, -ον - justice (lit., what is just, right)

καί: coordinate conjunction linking two direct object nouns - and

τὴν ἰσότητα: 3rd declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Feminine - Singular - ἰσότης, -ητος, ἡ - equality, fairness (of treatment)

τοῖς δούλοις: 2nd declension noun - Dative (Indirect Object) - Masculine - Plural - δοῦλος, ὁ - to your slaves

παρέχεσθε,: Present (Descriptive) - Middle (Intensive) - Imperative (Command) - 2 - Plural - παρέχω - offer, provide, give, present

εἰδότες: Perfect (Present) - Active - Participle (Adverbial: Causal) - Nominative - Masculine - Plural - οἶδα - since you know

ὄτι: Subordinate conjunction introducing a conjunctory substantival object dependent clause - that

καὶ: coordinate conjunction here used as correlative adverb in adjunctive meaning - also

ύμεῖς: Personal Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - Plural - σύ - you

ἔχετε: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Indicative - 2 - Plural - ἔχω - you have, possess

κύριον: 2nd declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Masculine - Singular - κύριος, ὁ - a Lord

έν: Preposition used with Locative of Place noun - in

οὐρανῷ.: 2nd declension noun - Locative (Place) - Masculine - Singular - οὐρανός, ὁ - in Heaven 4.2 Τῆ προσευχῆ: 1st declension noun - Dative (Direct Object) - Feminine - Singular - προσευχή, ἡ - to prayer προσκαρτερεῖτε.: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Imperative (Command) - 2 - Plural - προσκαρτερέω devote yourselves to γρηγοροῦντες: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Participle (Adverbial: Modal) - Nominative - Masculine -Plural - γρηγορέω - being watchful, careful ev: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere / Instrumental of Manner noun - in / with αὐτῆ: Personal Pronoun - Locative (Sphere) / *Instrumental (Manner) - Feminine - Singular - αὐτός, -ή, -ό in /with it (=prayer) ev: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere / Instrumental of Manner noun - in / with εὐχαριστία,: 1st declension noun - Locative (Sphere) / *Instrumental (Manner) - Feminine - Singular εὐχαριστία, ἡ - in / with thanksgiving 4.3 προσευχόμενοι: Present (Descriptive) - Deponent - Participle (Adverbial: Modal) - Nominative - Masculine - Plural - προσεύχομαι - praying $\ddot{\alpha}$ μα: Temporal adverb of contemporaneous time - at the same time καὶ: coordinate conjunction here used as correlative adverb in adjunctive meaning - also περί: Preposition used with Genitive of Reference / Advantage pronoun - for, concerning ήμῶν,: Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Reference/ *Advantage) - Plural - ἐγώ - for us ίνα: Subordinate conjunction introducing a conjunctory adverbial purpose dependent clause - in order that ὁ θεὸς: 2nd declension noun - Nominative (Subject) - Masculine - Singular - θεός, ὁ - God ἀνοίξη: 1 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Subjunctive (Potential) - 3 - Singular - ἀνοίγω - he may open ἡμῖν: Personal Pronoun - Dative (Indirect Object) - Plural - ἐγώ - to/for us θύραν: 1st declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Feminine - Singular - θύρα, ἡ - a door τοῦ λόγου: 2nd declension noun - Genitive (Advantage) - Masculine - Singular - λόγος, ὁ - for the Word

λαλῆσαι: 1 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Infinitive (Verbal: Purpose) - λαλέω - in order to speak

- τὸ μυστήριον: 2nd declension noun Accusative (Direct Object) Neuter Singular μυστήριον, τό the mystery
- τοῦ Χριστοῦ,: 2nd declension noun Genitive (Reference) Masculine Singular Χριστός, ὁ about Christ
- $\delta\iota$ ': Preposition used with Accusative of Cause relative pronoun because of which
- δ: Relative Pronoun Accusative (Cause) Neuter Singular ὅς, ἥ, ὅ introducing a relative adjectival modifying dependent clause because of which, for which cause
- καὶ: coordinate conjunction here used as correlative adverb in adjunctive meaning also
- δέδεμαι,: Perfect (Intensive) Passive (N.A.E.) Indicative 1 Singular δέω I stand bound, chained

- ἴνα: Subordinate conjunction introducing a conjunctory adverbial purpose dependent clause in order that
- φανερώσω: 1 Aorist (Constative) Active Subjunctive (Potential) 1 Singular φανερόω I may make it clear, well known
- αὐτὸ: Personal Pronoun Accusative (Drect Object) Neuter Singular αὐτός, -ή, -ό it
- ώς: Subordinate conjunction introducing a relative adverbial comparative dependent clause just as, as
- δεῖ: Impersonal verb denoting necessity is necessary
- με: Personal Pronoun Accusative (Reference) Singular ἐγώ for me
- λαλῆσαι.: 1 Aorist (Constative) Active Infinitive (Substantival: Object) λαλέω to speak

- Ev: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere / Instrumental of Manner noun in / with
- σοφία: 1st declension noun Locative (Sphere) / *Instrumental (Manner) Feminine Singular σοφία, ἡ in / with wisdom
- περιπατεῖτε: Present (Descriptive) Active Imperative (Command) 2 Plural περιπατέω walk, be walking
- πρὸς: Preposition used with Accusative of Reference substantival adverb toward, to
- τοὺς ἔξω: Adverb (Substantival) Accusative (Reference) Masculine Plural ἔξω to those outsiders, those on the outside (of the community of faith)
- τὸν καιρὸν: 2nd declension noun Accusative (Direct Object) Masculine Singular καιρός, ὁ the time, opportunity

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Masculine - Plural - ἐξαγοράζω - as you make the most of (the opportunity)
4.6
ό λόγος: 2nd declension noun - Nominative (Subject) - Masculine - Singular - λόγος, ὁ - your word,
       message, what you say [with elliptical implied verb ἔστω] (let what you say be)
ὑμῶν: Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possession) - Plural - σύ - your
πάντοτε: Temporal adverb of continuous time - always, continuously, constantly
έν: Preposition used with Instrumental of Manner noun - with
χάριτι.: 3rd declension noun - Instrumental (Manner) - Feminine - Singular - χάρις, -ιτος, ή - with grace
ἄλατι: 3rd declension noun - Instrumental (Means) - Neuter - Singular - ἄλας, -ατος, τό - with, by salt
ήρτυμένος,: Present (Descriptive) - Passive (Direct Impersonal Agency) - Participle (Adverbial: Modal) -
       Nominative - Masculine - Singular - ἀρτύω - while being seasoned
εἰδέναι: Perfect (Present) - Active - Infinitive (Verbal: Purpose) - οἶδα - so that you may know, in order to
       know
\pi\tilde{\omega}_{C}: Interrogative relative adverb introducing a relative substantival object dependent clause - how
δεῖ: Impersonal verb denoting necessity or compulsion - it is necessary
ύμᾶς: Personal Pronoun - Accusative (Reference) - Plural - σύ - for you
ένὶ: Adjective (Attributive) - Dative - Masculine - Singular - εἶς, μία, ἕν - to each one
έκάστω: Pronominal Adjective (Substantive) - Dative (Indirect Object) - Masculine - Singular - ἕκαστος, -
       η, -ov - each one
ἀποκρίνεσθαι.: Present (Descriptive) - Deponent - Infinitive (Substantival: Subject) - ἀποκρίνομαι - to
       answer, respond to, reply to
4.7
Tα...παντα: Adjective (Substantival) - Accusative (Direct Object) - Neuter - Plural - πας, πασα, παν - all
       things
κατ': Preposition used with Accusative of Reference pronoun - according to, in regard to, in reference
ἐμὲ: Personal Pronoun - Accusative (Reference) - Singular - ἐγώ - in regard to me
γνωρίσει: Future (Predictive) - Active - Indicative - 3 - Singular - γνωρίζω - he wil make known
ύμῖν: Personal Pronoun - Dative (Indirect Object) - Plural - σύ - to you
                                                                       Colossians Greek Text Parsed: Page 58
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ἐξαγοραζόμενοι: Present (Descriptive) - Middle (Intensive) - Participle (Adverbial: Modal) - Nominative -

Τυχικὸς: Proper Name - Nominative (Subject) - Masculine - Singular - Τυχικός, ὁ - Thychius ὁ ἀγαπητὸς: Adjective (Attributive) - Nominative - Masculine - Singular - ἀγαπητός, -ή, -όν - our beloved ἀδελφὸς: 2nd declension noun - Nominative (Apposition) - Masculine - Singular - ἀδελφός, ὁ - our beloved brother καὶ: Coordinate conjunction linking two nouns - and πιστὸς: Adjective (Attributive) - Nominative - Masculine - Singular - πιστός, -όν - faithful διάκονος: 2nd declension noun - Nominative (Apposition) - Masculine - Singular - διάκονος, ὁ / ἡ - faithful servant καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two nouns - and σύνδουλος: 2nd declension noun - Nominative (Apposition) - Masculine - Singular - σύνδουλος, ὁ - fellow slave/servant έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere noun - in κυρίφ,: 2nd declension noun - Locative (Sphere) - Masculine - Singular - κυρίος, ὁ - in the Lord 4.8 ον: Relative Pronoun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Masculine - Singular - ος, η, ο - introducing a relative adjectival modifying dependent clause - whom ἔπεμψα: 1 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Indicative - 1 - Singular - π έμ π ω - I sent πρὸς: Preposition used with Accusative of Measure pronoun - to ὑμᾶς: Personal Pronoun - Accusative (Measure) - Plural - σύ - to you είς: Preposition used with Accusative of Purpose pronoun - for αὐτὸ: Intensive Pronoun (Attributive) - Accusative - Neuter - Singular - αὐτός, -ή, -ό - for this very (thing) τοῦτο,: Demonstrative Pronoun - Accustive (Purpose) - Neuter - Singular - οὖτος, αὕτη, τοῦτο - for this very thing τνα: Subordinate conjunction introducing a conjunctory adverbial purpose dependent clause - in order that γνῶτε: 2 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Subjunctive (Potential) - 2 - Plural - γινώσκω - you may know τὰ: Article (Substantival) - Accustive (Direct Object) - Neuter - Plural - ὁ, ἡ, τό - the things περί: Preposition used with Genitive of Reference pronoun - in regard to, about, concerning

ἡμῶν: Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Reference) - Plural - ἐγώ - regarding us, about us

καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two dependent clauses together - and

παρακαλέση: 1 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Subjunctive (Potential) - 3 - Singular - παρακαλέω - he may encourage, comfort

τὰς καρδίας: 1st declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Feminine - Plural - καρδία, ἡ - your hearts

ύμῶν,: Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possession) - Plural - σύ - your

4.9

σύν: Preposition used with Instrumental of Association noun - together with

'Ονησίμφ: Proper Name - Instrumental (Association) - Masculine - Singular - Ὀνήσιμος, ὁ - Onesimus

τῷ πιστῷ: Adjective (Attributive) - Instrumental - Masculine - Singular - πιστός, -όν - our faithful

καί: Coordinate conjunction used to link two adjectives together - and

ἀγαπητῷ: Adjective (Attributive) - Instrumental - Masculine - Singular - ἀγαπητός, -ή, -όν - our beloved

ἀδελφῷ,: 2nd declension noun - Instrumental (Apposition) - Masculine - Singular - ἀδελφός, ὁ - our brother

ις: Relative Pronoun - Nominative (Subject) - Masculine - Singular - ις, ι, ι - introducing a relative adjectival modifying dependent clause - who

έστιν: Present (Descriptive) - Indicative - 3 - Singular - εἰμί - who is

έξ: Preposition used with Ablative of Source pronoun - from, out of

ὑμῶν: Personal Pronoun - Ablative (Source) - Plural - σύ - from you

πάντα: Adjective (Substantival) - Accusative (Direct Object) - Neuter - Plural - πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν - all things

ύμῖν: Personal Pronoun - Dative (Indirect Object) - Plural - σύ - to you

γνωρίσουσιν: Future (Predictive) - Active - Indicative - 3 - Plural - γνωρίζω - they will make known, explain

τὰ: Article (Predicate) - Accusative - Neuter - Plural - ὁ, ἡ, τό - [modifying πάντα, also connected to the following adverb to make it substantival] all things here

ὧδε.: Local Adverb of Place - here

Conclusio

For a comparison of the Pauline Conclusia see <u>List of Epistolary Division in the Pauline Letters</u>. Also see <u>Epistolary Divisions for the Catholic Letters</u>. At a secondary layer underneath these links stands a printing of the scripture text of the divisions, and is accessible from inside the links.

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'Ασπάζεται: Present (Descriptive) - Deponent - Indicative - 3 - Singular - ἀσπάζομαι - he sends greet-
       ings, greets
ὑμᾶς: Personal Pronoun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Plural - σύ - you
'Αρίσταρχος: Proper Name - Nominative (Subject) - Masculine - Singular - 'Αρίσταρχος, ὁ - Aristarchus
ὁ συναιχμάλωτός: 2nd declension noun - Nominative (Apposition) - Masculine - Singular -
       συναιχμάλωτος, ὁ - fellow prisoner
μου: Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possessive) - Singular - ἐγώ - my
καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two nouns - and
Μᾶρκος: Proper Name - Nominative (Subject) - Masculine - Singular - Μᾶρκος, ὁ - Mark
ό ἀνεψιὸς: 2nd declension noun - Nominative (Apposition) - Masculine - Singular - ἀνεψιός, ὁ - a cousin
Βαρναβᾶ: Proper Name - Genitive (Kinship) - Masculine - Singular - Βαρναβᾶς, ὁ - of Barnabas, Barna-
       bas'
(περὶ: Preposition used with Genitive of Reference pronoun - about, concerning
οὖ: Relative Pronoun - Genitive (Reference) - Masculine - Singular - ὅς, ἥ, ὅ - introducing a relative
       adjectival modifying dependent clause - about whom
ἐλάβετε: 2 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Indicative - 2 - Plural - λαμβάνω - you received
ἐντολάς,: 1st declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Feminine - Plural - ἐντολή, ἡ - commands,
       instructions
έὰν: Subordinate conjunction introducing a conjunctory adverbial conditional (3rd class) protasis (depen-
       dent clause) - if
ἔλθη: 2 Aorist (Constative) - Active - Subjunctive (Potential) - 3 - Singular - ἔρχομαι - he should come
πρὸς: Preposition used with Accusative of Measure pronoun - to
ύμᾶς,: Personal Pronoun - Accusative (Measure) - Plural - σύ - you
δέξασθε: 1 Aorist (Constative) - Deponent - Imperative (Command) - 2 - Plural - δέχομαι - welcome,
       receive
αὐτόν): Personal Pronoun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Masculine - Singular - αὐτός, -ή, -ό - him
4.11
καὶ: Coordinate conjunction linking two nouns together - and
Ίησοῦς: Proper Name - Nominative (Subject) - Masculine - Singular - Ἰησοῦς, ὁ - Jesus
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- ὁ λεγόμενος: Present (Descriptive) Passive (N.A.E.) Participle (Adjective: Attributive) Nominative Masculine Singular λέγω who is (being) called
- Ἰοῦστος,: Proper Name Nominative (Predicate) Masculine Singular Ἰοῦστος, ὁ Justus
- οἱ ὄντες: Present (Desciptive) Participle (Adjective: Substantival) Nominative (Apposition) Masculine Plural - these who are [stands in apposition to the threefold subject of the verb ᾿Ασπάζεται in v. 10]
- ἐκ: Preposition used with Ablative of Source noun from, out of
- περιτομῆς,: 1st declension noun Ablative (Source) Feminine Singular περιτομῆς, ἡ from the circumcism
- οὖτοι: Demonstrative Pronoun Nominative (Subject) Masculine Plural οὖτος, αὕτη, τοῦτο these
- μόνοι: Adjective (Attributive) Nominative Masculine Plural μόνος, -η, -ον alone, exclusive
- συνεργοί: 2nd declension noun Nominative (Predicate) Masculine Plural συνεργός, ὁ fellow workers
- είς: Preposition used with Accusative of Reference / Advantage noun for, in
- τὴν βασιλείαν: 1st declension noun Accusative (Reference / Advantage) Feminine Singular βασιλεία, ἡ in/for the kingdom
- τοῦ θεοῦ,: 2nd declension noun Genitive (Possession) Masculine Singular θεός, ὁ of God, God's
- οἵτινες: Relative Pronoun Nominative (Subject) Masculine Plural ὅστις, ἥτις, ὅτι introducing a relative adjectival modifying dependent clause who
- έγενήθησάν: 2 Aorist (Constative/*Culminative) Deponent Indicative 3 Plural γίνομαι who have become
- μοι: Personal Pronoun Dative (Reference) Singular ἐγώ to/for me
- παρηγορία.: 1st declension noun Nominative (Predicate) Feminine Singular παρηγορία, ἡ encouragement, comfort
- 4.12
- ἀσπάζεται: Present (Descriptive) Deponent Indicative 3 Singular ἀσπάζομαι he sents greetings, greets
- ὑμᾶς: Personal Pronoun Accusative (Direct Object) Plural σύ (to) you
- Έπαφρᾶς: Proper Name Nominative (Subject) Masculine Singular Ἐπαφρᾶς, ὁ Epaphras
- ὁ...δοῦλος: 2nd declension noun Nominative (Apposition) Masculine Singular δοῦλος, ὁ the servant

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έξ: Preposition used with Ablative of Source noun - from, out of
ὑμῶν,: Personal Pronoun - Ablative (Source) - Plural - σύ - from you
Χριστοῦ: Proper Name - Genitive (Possession) - Masculine - Singular - Χριστός, ὁ - Christ's
Ἰησοῦς: Proper Name - Genitive (Possession) - Masculine - Singular - Ἰησοῦς, ὁ - Jesus'
πάντοτε: Temporal adverb denoting consistent occurance of time - always, constantly
ἀγωνιζόμενος: Present (Descriptive) - Deponent - Participle (Adjectival: Substantival) - Nominative
       (Apposition) - Masculine - Singular - ἀγωνίζομαι - who struggles, labors intensely
ύπὲρ: Preposition used with Genitive of Advantage pronoun - for, in behalf of
ύμῶν: Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Advantage) - Plural - σύ - for you, in your behalf
ev: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere / Instrumental of Manner noun - in / with
τᾶις προσευχαῖς,: 1st declension noun - Locative (Sphere) / Instrumental (Manner) - Feminine - Plural -
       προσευχή, ή - in/with prayers
ινα: Subordinate conjunction introducing a conjunctory adverbial purpose clause - in order that, so that
σταθῆτε: 1 Aorist (Constative) - Passive (Causative) - Subjunctive (Potential) - 2 - Plural - ἵστημι - so
       that you may (be made to) stand
τέλειοι: Adjective (Predicate) - Nominative (Predicate) - Masculine - Plural - τέλειος, -α, -ον - complete,
       mature
καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two predicate adjective modifiers - and
πεπληροφορημένοι: Perfect (Intensive) - Passive (N.A.E.) - Participle (Adjective: Predicate) - Nominative
       (Predicate) - Masculine - Plural - πληροφορέω - confidence, fully assured
έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere noun - in
\piαντὶ: Adjective (Attributive) - Locative - Neuter - Singular - \piας, \piασα, \piαν - completely in...
θελήματι: 3rd declension noun - Locative (Sphere) - Neuter - Singular - θέλημα, -ητος, τό - completely in
       the will (of God)
τοῦ θεοῦ.: 2nd declension noun - Genitive (Possession) - Masculine - Singular - θεός, ὁ - God's, of God
4.13
μαρτυρῶ: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Indicative - 1 - Singular - μαρτυρέω - I bear witness, testify
\gamma \dot{\alpha} \rho: Postpositive coordinate conjunction introducing an independent causual clause - for
αὐτῷ: Personal Pronoun - Dative (Reference) - Masculine - Singular - αὐτός, -ή, -ό - in regard to him
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ἔχει: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Indicative - 3 - Singular - ἔχω - he possesses, has
πολὸν: Adjective (Attributive) - Accusative - Masculine - Singular - πολός, πολλή, πολό - much
πόνον: 2nd declension noun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Masculine - Singular - πόνος, ὁ - labor, effort,
       pain
ύπὲρ: Preposition used with Genitive of Advantage pronoun - for, in your behalf
ύμῶν: Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Advantage) - Plural - σύ - for you, in your behalf
καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two prepositional phrase objects - and
τῶν: Article (Substantival) - Genitive (Advantage) - Masculine - Plural - ὁ, ἡ, τό - for those
έν: Preposition used with Locative of Place noun - in
Λαοδικεία: Geographical Name - Locative (Place) - Feminine - Singular - Λαοδικεία, ή - in Laodicea
καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two prepositional phrase objects - and
τῶν: Article (Substantival) - Genitive (Advantage) - Masculine - Plural - ὁ, ἡ, τό - for those
έν: Preposition used with Locative of Place noun - in
Ίεραπόλει.: Geographical Name - Locative (Place) - Feminine - Singular - Ἱεράπολις, -εως, ἡ - in
       Hierapolis
4.14
ἀσπάζεται: Present (Descriptive) - Deponent - Indicative - 3 - Singular - ἀσπάζομαι - he sends greetings,
       greets
ύμᾶς: Personal Pronoun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Plural - σύ - (to) you
Λουκᾶς: Proper Name - Nominative (Subject) - Masculine - Singular - Λουκᾶς, ὁ - Luke (concordance)
       dictionary)
ὁ ἰατρὸς: 2nd declension noun - Nominative (Apposition) - Masculine - Singular - ἰατρός, ὁ - the physcian
       doctor
ὁ ἀγαπητὸς: Adjective (Attributive) - Nominative - Masculine - Singular - ἀγαπητός, -ή, -όν - beloved
καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two nouns - and
Δημᾶς.: Proper Name - Nominative (Subject) - Masculine - Singular - Δημᾶς, ὁ - Demas (concordance;
       dictionary)
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ὄτι: Subordinate conjunction introduction a conjunctory substantival object dependent clause - that

- 'Ασπάσασθε: Present (Descriptive) Deponent Imperative (Command) 2 Plural ἀσπάζομαι greet
- τοὺς...ἀδελφοὺς: 2nd Accusative (Direct Object) Masculine Plural ἀδελφός, ὁ the brothers, the brethren
- έν: Preposition used with Locative of Place noun in
- Λαοδικεία: Geographical Name Locative (Sphere) Feminine Singular Λαοδικεία, ἡ in Laodicea (concordance; dictionary)
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction linking two nouns and
- Nύμφαν: Proper Name Accusative (Direct Object) Feminine Singular Νύμφα, ἡ Nymphas / Nympha (concordance; dictionary)
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction linking two nouns and
- τὴν...ἐκκλησίαν.: 1st declension noun Accusative (Direct Object) Feminine Singular ἐκκλησία, ἡ the church, congregation, the assembly
- κατ': Preposition used with Accusative of Reference / Place noun according to, in
- οἶκον: 2nd declension noun Accusative (Reference / Place) Masculine Singular οἶκος, ὁ in her house, home
- αὐτῆς: Personal Pronoun Genitive (Possession) Feminine Plural αὐτός, -ή, -ό her
- 4.16
- καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two independent clauses together and
- ὄταν: Subordinate conjunction introducing a conjunctory adverbial temporal (indefinite time) dependent clause whenever
- ἀναγνωσθῆ: 1 Aorist (Constative) Passive (N.A.E.) Subjunctive (Potential) 3 Singular ἀναγινώσκω it may be read
- $\pi\alpha\rho$ ': Preposition used with Locative of Place pronoun before, in front of
- ύμῖν: Personal Pronoun Locative (Place) Plural σύ before you
- ἡ ἐπιστολή,: 1st declension noun Nominative (Subject) Feminine Singular ἐπιστολή, ἡ this letter
- ποιήσατε: 1 Aorist (Constative) Active Imperative (Commant) 2 Plural ποιέω do (so), make certain that
- τνα: Subordinate conjunction introducing an indirect command in the form of a conjunctory substantival object dependent clause that

- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction used in correlative function καὶ...καὶ both
- ėv: Preposition used with Locative of Place noun in
- Λαοδικέων: Proper Name Genitive (Possession) Masculine Plural Λαοδικεύς, έως, ὁ of the Laodiceans (concordance; dictionary)
- τῆ...ἐκκλησία: 1st declension noun Locative (Place) Feminine Singular ἐκκλησία, ἡ the church, congregation, the assembly
- ἀναγνωσθῆ,: 1 Aorist (Constative) Passive (N.A.E.) Subjunctive (Potential) 3 Singular ἀναγινώσκω it (should) be read
- καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two dependent clauses and
- τὴν: Article implying ἐπιστολή Accusative (Direct Object) Feminine Singular the letter [object of the verb ἀναγνῶτε]
- ἐκ: Preposition used with Ablative of Source noun from
- Λαοδικείας: Geographical Name Ablative (Source) Feminine Singular Λαοδικεία, ἡ from Laodicea (concordance; dictionary)
- ἴνα: Subordinate conjunction introducing an indirect command in the form of a conjunctory substantival object dependent clause that
- καὶ: Coordinate conjunction here used in correlative adverbial adjunctive function also
- ύμεῖς: Personal Pronoun Nominative (Subject) Plural σύ you
- ἀναγνῶτε.: 2 Aorist (Constative) Active Subjunctive (Potential) 2 Plural ἀναγινώσκω you (should) read
- 4.17
- καί: Coordinate conjunction linking two independent clauses and
- εἴπατε: 2 Aorist (Constative) Active Imperative (Command) 2 Plural λέγω say to, tell
- 'Aρχίππφ,: Proper Name Dative (Indirect Object) Masculine Singular "Αρχιππος, ὁ Archippus (concordance; dictionary)
- Bλέπε: Present (Descriptive) Active Imperative (Command) 2 Singular Βλέπω take care of, be cautious about
- τὴν διακονίαν: 1st declension noun Accusative (Direct Object) Feminine Singular διακονία, ἡ the ministry

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\eta_V: Relative Pronoun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Feminine - Singular - \delta_{\varsigma}, \eta, \delta - introducing a relative adjectival modifying dependent clause - which, that
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παρέλαβες: 2 Aorist (*Culminative/Constative) - Active - Indicative - 2 - Singular - παραλαμβάνω - you have received, you received
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έν: Preposition used with Locative of Sphere noun - in

κυρίως: 2nd declension noun - Locative (Sphere) - Masculine - Singular - κύριος, ὁ - in the Lord

τνα: Subordinate conjunction introducing an indirect command via a conjunctory substantival predicate object dependent clause - that

αὐτὴν: Personal Pronoun - Accusative (Direct Object) - Feminine - Singular - αὐτός, -ή, -ό - it

πληροῖς.: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Subjunctive (Potential) - 2 - Singular - πληρόω - you complete, fulfill, carry it out to completion

4.18

Ὁ ἀσπασμὸς: 2nd declension noun - Nominative (Subject) - Masculine - Singular - - this greeting, salutation [implied verb γράφεται] is being written

τῆ ἐμῆ: Adjective (Attributive) - Instrumental (Means) - Feminine - Singular - ἐμός, -ή, -όν - with my

χειρί: 3rd declension noun - Instrumental (Means) - Feminine - Singular - χεῖρ, -ός, ἡ - with my hand

Παύλου.: Proper Name - Genitive (Possession) - Masculine - Singular - Παῦλος, ὁ - Paul's

μνημονεύετέ: Present (Descriptive) - Active - Imperative (Command) - 2 - Plural - μνημονεύω - remember

μου: Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Possession) - Singular - ἐγώ - my

τῶν δεσμῶν.: 2nd declension noun - Genitive (Direct Object) - Masculine - Plural - δεσμός, ὁ - my bonds

ἡ χάρις: 3rd declension noun - Nominative (Subject) - Feminine - Singular - χάρις, -ιτος, ἡ - grace [implying the verb ἔστω]

 $\mu\epsilon\theta$ ': Preposition used with Genitive of Association pronoun - with

ὑμῶν.: Personal Pronoun - Genitive (Association) - Plural - σύ - with you