

Lesson Nine:  
**OATHS**  
**Matthew 5:33-37**

**LESSON OBJECTIVE:**

*The student demonstrates understanding of the historical and literary meaning of Matthew 5:33-37 and related texts.*

**LESSON INDICATORS:**

**Upon successful completion of this lesson the student:**

1. **Parses** all substantives and verb forms in Matt. 5:33-37.
2. **Classifies** all subordinate clauses in Matt. 5:33-37.
3. **Classifies** all sentences in Matt. 5:33-37.
4. **Translates** by dynamic-equivalent method all sentences in Matt. 5:33-37.
5. **Determines** the most likely reading of Matt. 5:33-37 where textual variants are listed.
6. **Assesses** the literary structure of Matt. 5:33-37.
7. **Evaluates** the exegetical issues in Matt. 5:33-37.
8. **Completes** the exegetical outline of Matt. 5:33-37.

**GRAMMATICAL ANALYSIS:**

Parse the following:

Πάλιν

ηκούσατε

ερρέθη

τοῖς αρχαῖοις

Οὐκ επιορκήσεις

αποδώσεις

τῷ κυρίῳ

τοὺς φρουράς

σου

Classify the following subordinate clause(s):

στι ερρέθη τοῖς αρχαίοις, Οὐκ επιορκήσεις, αποδώσεις δὲ τῷ κυριῷ τοὺς ὄφους σου~

Form:                  Function(s):

Οὐκ επιορκήσεις, αποδώσεις δὲ τῷ κυριῷ τοὺς ὄφους σου~

Form:                  Function(s):

Classify the above sentence in Matt. 5:33:

Form:                  Function:

Translate the above sentence in Matt. 5:33 by the dynamic-equivalent method:

\*\*\*\*\*

Parse the following:

εγὼ

λέγω

νμῖν

μὴ ομόσαι

Θλως

εν τῷ ουρανῷ

θρόνος

εστὶν

τοῦ θεοῦ

εν τῷ γῇ

υποπόδιόν

εστιν

τῶν ποδῶν

αυτοῦ

εἰς Ιεροσόλυμα

πόλις

εστὶν

τοῦ βασιλέως

μεγάλου

εν τῇ κεφαλῇ

σου

ομόσης

ου δύνασαι

μίαν

τρίχα

λευκήν

ποιῆσαι

μέλαιναν

Classify the following subordinate clause(s):

ετι θρόνος εστὶν τοῦ θεοῦ

Form:                  Function(s):

ετι υποπόδιόν εστιν τῶν ποδῶν αυτοῦ

Form:                  Function(s):

ετι πολις εστιν τοῦ μεγάλου βασιλέως

Form:                  Function(s):

ετι ου δύνασαι μίαν τρίχα λευκῆν ποιήσαι η μέλαιναν

Form:                  Function(s):

Classify the above sentence in Matt. 5:34-36:

Form:                  Function:

Translate the above sentence in Matt. 5:34-36 by the dynamic-equivalent method:

\*\*\*\*\*

Parse the following:

εστω

ο λόγος

υμᾶν

τὸ περισσὸν

τούτων

εκ τοῦ πονηροῦ

εστιν.

Classify the above sentence in Matt. 5:37:

Form:                          Function:

Translate the above sentence in Matt. 5:37 by the dynamic-equivalent method:

\*\*\*\*\*

## TEXTUAL VARIANTS:

PASSAGE: 5:37

### APPARATUS USED: UBS 3rd

## CLASSIFICATION OF WITNESSES

## EVALUATION OF EXTERNAL EVIDENCE

1.      Date.
  2.      Geographical Distribution.
  3.      Textual Relationships.

## Summary of the External Evidence

## EVALUATION OF THE INTERNAL EVIDENCE

1. Transcriptional Probabilities, i.e. what scribes likely did when copying the N.T.

(1) Shorter/Longer Reading.

(2) Reading Different from Parallel.

(3) More Difficult Reading.

(4) Reading Which Best Explains Origin of Other(s).

2. Intrinsic Probabilities, i.e. what the author himself likely wrote.

## Summary of Internal Evidence

## CONCLUSION

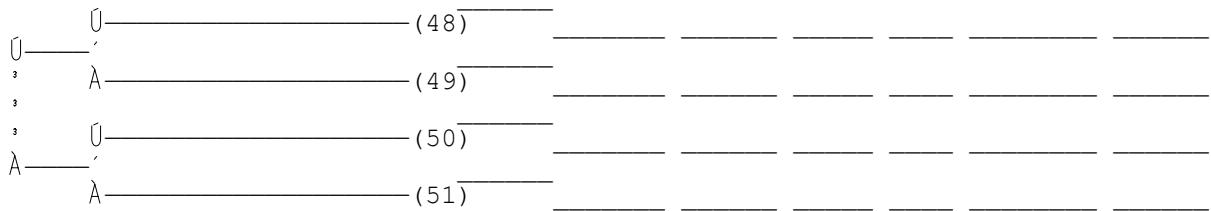
## BLOCK DIAGRAM:

- 5.33                  Πᾶλιν  
(48)                  **ηκούσατε**  
                        οτι ερρέθη τοις αρχαῖοις,  
                        οὐκ επιορκήσεις,  
                        δὲ  
                        αποδώσειςτῷ κυρίῳ τοὺς ἀρκους  
                        σου.
- 5.34                  δὲ  
(49)                  **εγὼ λέγω σμέν**  
                        μὴ ομόσαι φλως.  
  
                        μῆτε  
-----  
                        εν τῷ ουρανῷ,  
                        οτι θρόνος εστὶν τοσ θεοσ.
- 5.35                  μῆτε  
-----  
                        εν τῇ γῇ,  
                        οτι υποπόδιον εστιν τῶν ποδῶν αυτοσ.  
  
                        μῆτε  
-----  
                        εἰς Ιεροσόλυμα,  
                        οτι πόλις εστὶν τοσ μεγάλου βασιλέως.
- 5.36                  μῆτε  
                        εν τῇ κεφαλῇ σου  
ομόσῃς,  
                        οτι ου δύνασαι μίαν τρίχα λευκὴν ποιῆσαι  
                        η  
                        μέλαιναν.
- 5.37                  δὲ  
(50)                  **εστω ο λόγος σμῶν ναι ναι, ου ου.**  
  
                        δὲ  
                        εκ τοσ πονηροσ  
                        τὸ περισσὸν τούτων...εστιν.

## **SEMANTIC DIAGRAM:**

Complete the following literary analysis:

Semantic Diagram:      Conne- Sent      Verb Analysis:      Other  
                          ective Func      Tense: Pers: Num: Subject: Links:



Summarize findings, i.e., possible literary patterns, poetical structures et al.:

## **EXEGETICAL ISSUES:**

1. Identify the literary role of this pericope in the Sermon on the Mount. Use <http://cranfordville.com/SerMt-ot.htm>.
  
2. Identify the form of the premise statement(s) of Antithesis 4 as apodictic or casuistic. See Appendix Seventeen.

Ουκ επιορκήσεις:

αποδώσεις τῷ κυρίῳ τοὺς φρέκους σου:

3. Compare Lev. 19:12 to Matt. 5:33. First, complete a semantic diagram of Lev. 19:12; then summarize similarities and differences between the two.

(1) καὶ  
οὐκ ὄμελοθε τῷ ονοματὶ μου  
επὶ αὐτὸν  
καὶ

(2) οὐ βεβηλώσετε τὸ ονόμα τοῦ θεοῦ σμάν.

(3) εγὼ εἰμι κύριος ο θεὸς σμάν.

4. Compare Num. 30:2-3 to Matt. 5:33. First, complete a semantic diagram of Num. 30:2-3; then summarize similarities and differences between the two.<sup>1</sup>

30.2 καὶ  
(A) ελαλησεν Μωυσῆς  
πρὸς τοὺς ἀρχονταβ τῷ φυλῶν Ισραὴλ  
λέγων

(1) Τούτο τὸ ρῆμα,  
ο σενέταξεν κύριος.

(2) 30.3 ανθρωπος ανθρωπος...ου βεβηλώσει τὸ ρῆμα αυτοῦ.  
ος αν εὐξηται ευχὴν κυρίων  
η  
ομόσῃ φρέκον  
η  
ορίσηται ορισμό  
περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς αυτοῦ

(3) πάντα...ποιήσει.  
φσα εὰν εξέλθῃ  
εκ τοῦ στόματος αυτοῦ

<sup>1</sup>The larger context of Num. 30:1-16 should be consulted; additionally, see Deut. 23:21-23; Ps. 50:14; Exod. 20:7.

5. Compare Shevuoth 3:1 to Matt. 5:33-37. Summarize similarities and differences between the two.<sup>2</sup>  
Shevuoth 3:1. Oaths are of two kinds, which are actually four kinds; they are

‘I swear that I will eat’,  
or,  
‘I swear that I will not eat’,  
or,  
‘I swear that I have eaten’,  
or,  
‘I swear that I have not eaten.’

If one said, ‘I swear that I will not eat’, and he ate the smallest quantity, he is liable. This is the opinion of R. Akiba.

<sup>2</sup>Additional discussion of Jewish oath making can be found in tractate Nedarim [2.2] of the Mishnah as well as in Philo, Spec. Laws 2.2.5. NT examples of these two kinds of oaths include the following:

Assertive Oaths:

Promissory Oaths:

Matt. 26:74 [//Mk. 14:71]

Mk. 6:23

Heb. 7:21 [Ps. 110:4]

Lu. 1:73 [Gen. 22:16-17]

Rev. 10:6

Acts 2:30 [Ps. 131:11]

Heb. 2:11 [Num. 14:21-23]

Heb. 2:18 [Ps. 95:11]

Heb. 6:13-14 [Gen. 22:17]

6. Compare Jas. 5:12 to Matt. 5:34-37. First, complete a semantic diagram of Jas. 5:12; then summarize similarities and differences between the two.

5.12

δέ  
πρὸ πλευτῶν  
αδελφοὶ μου,  
**(1) μὴ οἴμνυετε,**  
μήτε τὸν ουρανὸν  
μήτε τὴν γῆν  
μήτε ἄλλον τινὰ φρέσκον·

δὲ

**(2) ητω σμαθν τὸ Ναὶ ναὶ**

καὶ

**(3) --- ----- τὸ Οὐ οὐ,**  
«να μὴ υπὸ κρίσιν πέσητε.

7. Compare Matt. 23:16-22 to Matt. 5:33-37. First, complete a semantic diagram of Matt. 23:16-22; then summarize similarities and differences between the two.<sup>3</sup>

- (1) 23.16 Ουαὶ σμῖν,  
οδηγοὶ τυφλοὶ  
οἱ λέγοντες,  
Ος αν ομόση  
εν τῷ ναῷ,  
ουδὲν εστιν.  
δ  
Ως αν ομόση  
εν τῷ χρυσῷ τοῦ ναοῦ  
οφείλει.
- 23.17 μωροὶ καὶ τυφλοί,  
γάρ  
(2) τίς μείζων εστιν,  
(3) ο χρυσὸς -----  
η  
(4) ο ναὸς -----  
ο αγιάσας τὸν χρυσόν;
- 23.18 καὶ  
Ος αν ομόση  
εν τῷ θυσιαστηρίῳ,  
(5) ουδὲν εστιν.  
δ  
Ος αν ομόση  
εν τῷ δώρῳ  
τῷ επάνω αυτοῦ  
(6) οφείλει.
- 23.19 τυφλοί,  
γάρ  
(7) τί μετάζον -----,  
(8) τὸ δῶρον -----  
η  
(9) τὸ θυσιαστήριον -----  
τὸ αγιάζον τὸ δῶρον;
- 23.20 οὐν  
ο ομόσας  
εν τῷ θυσιαστηρίῳ  
(10) ομνύει  
εν αυτῷ  
καὶ  
εν πᾶσι τοις επάνω αυτοῦ.
- 23.21 καὶ  
ο ομόσας  
εν τῷ ναῷ  
(11) ομνύει  
εν αυτῷ  
καὶ  
εν τῷ κατοικοῦντι αυτῷ.
- 23.22 καὶ

<sup>3</sup>Also to be consulted are Matt. 15:5-6 and Mk. 7:10-12.

(12)      ο ομέσας  
                εν τῷ ουρανῷ

ομνύει  
εν τῷ θρόνῳ τοῦ θεοῦ  
καὶ  
εν τῷ καθημένῳ  
επάνω αὐτοῦ.

### **EXEGETICAL OUTLINE:**

Complete the following outline according to the guidelines in Appendix Five:

I. (48-49) \_\_\_\_\_

A. (48) \_\_\_\_\_

B. (49) \_\_\_\_\_

II. (50-51) \_\_\_\_\_

A. (50) \_\_\_\_\_

B. (51) \_\_\_\_\_